

Herald Tribune

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PARIS, WEDNESDAY, JULY 14, 1971

Established 1887

TODAY'S WEATHER—PARIS: Warm and sunny. Temp. 73-84 (26-29). Tomorrow little change...

Table with exchange rates for various countries including Austria, Belgium, Denmark, France, Germany, Greece, India, Iran, Italy, Japan, Korea, Kuwait, Lebanon, Libya, Luxembourg, Morocco, Netherlands, Nigeria, Norway, Portugal, Saudi Arabia, Singapore, South Africa, Sweden, Switzerland, Taiwan, Thailand, Turkey, U.S. Military, and Yugoslavia.

Medical Reasons Cited David Bruce to Quit Peace Talks Post

WASHINGTON, July 13 (AP)—David K. E. Bruce, chief U.S. negotiator at the Paris peace talks, has decided to leave the post, the White House confirmed today.



William J. Porter, 73, who previously was ambassador to France, West Germany and Britain, had been advised by his physician some weeks ago to retire but that he stayed on when the Viet Cong's recent seven-point peace plan caught U.S. officials by surprise.

U.S. Curbs Its Aid to Pakistan But Will Continue To Ship Food

WASHINGTON, July 13 (AP)—The State Department said today that the United States is pushing ahead with humanitarian aid to East Pakistan.

A World Bank group has found that East Pakistan has been so hurt by the rebellion there that economic development assistance could not be helpfully applied for some time to come.

U.S. officials said that while funds for Pakistani economic development are earmarked as such in the U.S. aid budget for the new fiscal year, just what total may actually be programmed for Pakistan has not yet been decided.



STREET SCENE—Tanks on patrol in Rabat streets Monday as calm returned to city.



HANDS UP—Rebels surrender in Rabat after unsuccessful coup against Hassan II.

10 Are Executed In Wake of Plot Against Hassan

RABAT, Morocco, July 13 (Reuters)—Four generals and six other officers were executed by firing squad at a military camp near Rabat today for attempting to overthrow King Hassan II of Morocco.

The Moroccan Information Ministry said today that 92 persons were killed and 133 wounded by the mutineers who attacked Hassan's seaside palace at Sikkat, south of here, during a birthday reception for the king.

Palestinians Report Fight In N. Jordan Say Army Launched Daylong Attack

BEIRUT, Lebanon, July 13 (AP)—Palestinian guerrillas claimed tonight that they were locked in hand-to-hand fighting with King Hussein's troops who were trying to launch a daylong attack on their bases in north Jordan.

Guerrilla communiques released in Beirut claimed that the army's 2d Division, supported by two armored brigades and two battalions of shock troops, launched the offensive at dawn behind a curtain of artillery fire.

Members of the Moroccan Army, Navy and Air Force who witnessed the execution spat on the bodies.

Three of the executed generals—Ahmedou Hamou, Khalid Bougrine and Abderrahman Habibi—were governors of military regions, of which Morocco has six.

They were Gen. Mohammed Medbouh, minister of the royal household, and Col. Ababou, commander of the military training school at Agadir.

Hassan is now faced with the task of reorganizing the higher ranks of the army which has now lost eight of 15 generals in three days.

Three loyalist generals died in last weekend's fighting, and the survivors are headed by 80-year-old Field Marshal Mohammed Hassan al-Zohairi.

Two generals are sharing the task of restoring order and discipline in the armed forces. They are Interior Minister Mohammed Oufir and Gen. Dries Ben Aamar, minister of posts and acting chief of staff.

The results of this interrogation have not been made public, and the motive for the attempted coup is still unclear.

The pro-government newspaper (Continued on Page 2, Col. 5)

Decision Seen Aiding Thieu Saigon High Court Upholds Restrictive Election Rules

SAIGON, July 13 (Reuters)—A South Vietnamese supreme court tonight upheld as constitutional a controversial election law nominating candidates for the country's presidential election in October.

The nine-man court, by a 7-2 majority, rejected appeals that nomination rules require that either 40 deputies or 100 provincial councilors sign the nomination papers.

There is now no further appeal as the election law, recently passed in a ruddy lower house, is the law of the land.

London War Protest U.S. Captain Convicted of Demonstrating

LONDON, England, July 13 (AP)—An eight-man military court found U.S. Air Force Capt. Thomas Culver guilty today of taking part in an anti-war demonstration.

Culver, the first American officer accused of participating in an anti-war demonstration in Britain, stood impressively before the court as the verdict was announced.

The panel of officers will consider Capt. Culver's punishment tomorrow after the appearance of character witnesses on his behalf.

Pentagon Documents Case U.S. Seeks to Indict 3 Newspapers

WASHINGTON, July 13 (AP)—A federal grand jury in Boston is investigating possible criminal charges against The New York Times, The Washington Post and the Boston Globe in connection with the publication of secret Pentagon documents on the Vietnam war.

The report said the major priority for the refugee camps is to improve the water supply and sanitary conditions, which it said "are such as to defy description."

The report did not mention the cholera outbreak which struck in May and June.

But the water and sanitation problems, involving the threat of disease, have replaced it as top priority.

In a sharp rebuff to chairman Harley O. Staggers, D. Va., members voted 226 to 181 to send the proposed situation back to his Commerce Committee.

Rep. Staggers insisted the panel's contempt vote was not a challenge to the 1st Amendment's free-speech and free-press guarantees.

Groups representing all segments of journalism have expressed concern over the committee's recommendation.

House Bars Contempt Move On CBS for 'Pentagon' Film

WASHINGTON, July 13 (AP)—The House today killed a move to cite CBS president Frank Stanton and his television network for contempt of Congress for refusing to give a committee unused film from the controversial documentary "The Selling of the Pentagon."

In a sharp rebuff to chairman Harley O. Staggers, D. Va., members voted 226 to 181 to send the proposed situation back to his Commerce Committee.

The film was critical of military public relations activities, but the information demanded was raw material not telecast in the finished program.

Rep. Staggers insisted the panel's contempt vote was not a challenge to the 1st Amendment's free-speech and free-press guarantees.

The other on the list, Tommaso Buscetta, the report said, is at large in the United States, where he was arrested in New York in August, 1970, and later released on \$75,000 bail.

Buscetta and Rosario Mancino, another on the list, "are involved in drug trafficking and witness to the full interrelation between the Sicilian Mafia and the international underworld."

The biggest Mafia roundup in postwar Italy came in the wake of the machine-gun murder of Pietro Scaglione, Sicily's top criminal prosecutor, last May.

Italian Parliament Panel Lists, Assails Mafiosi 7-Year Investigation Names 13; Further Disclosures Promised

ROME, July 13 (AP)—A parliamentary commission which has been investigating the underworld for seven years today listed Italy's top Mafia leaders and said they were "bloody criminals, killers, drug dealers, persons capable of any atrocity."

In a 300-page report, the commission said the Sicilian Mafia has grown out of the countryside into the cities after the pattern of the American underworld and has become a part of international gangsterism.

It was the first time that a parliamentary investigation spelled out the names of Mafiosi. Of the 13 names listed in the report, Di Carlo is the only one in jail, serving a life term for multiple murder.

The commission, including members of all parties, was set up by parliament vote following the violent deaths in Sicily of nine persons in 1963, including seven policemen.

All on the list had been Mafia suspects and some are dead, the commission, however, said it was preparing reports on persons "who have never been described as Mafiosi by the magistracy but who are no less dangerous to society for this."





BRICK RAID—Young rioters hijacking truckload of bricks in Londonderry Monday with the probable intention of using them against the police and the army.

Israel Puts Priority on Jet Fighters

But Is Ready to Accept U.S. Peace Envoy

By Marilyn Berger
WASHINGTON, July 13 (WP).—Israel has let Washington know that it is prepared to receive a special U.S. envoy to discuss a peace settlement but that its foremost concern will be to get U.S. assurance of a continuing supply of aircraft.

This places the United States in a delicate position as it attempts to advance the stalled negotiations to reopen the Suez Canal. Israel says it needs a continuing U.S. arms supply to be able to bargain comfortably. Egypt has made increasingly clear that it is skeptical about U.S. efforts to reach a settlement while Washington sends military equipment to Israel.

The Israelis maintain that the Arabs will demand greater concessions if they feel Jerusalem does not have firm U.S. backing; the Arabs contend that Israel will not strike any deal if it is assured of enough equipment to hold the present cease-fire lines.

Jets Sought

During the past weeks Israel has stepped up its representations to Washington for Phantom jets that have been requested over the last few months. All the Phantoms that were promised under earlier agreements were delivered as of June 30, informed sources said. A number of other planes, presumably Skyhawks, are still outstanding.

Defense Minister Moshe Dayan said in an interview last week that "the present trend in the situation is not in our favor because the Arabs, and primarily the Egyptians, are currently receiving arms, especially planes, while we are not receiving additional planes from the United States."

The State Department confirmed yesterday a report that Soviet shipments of military equipment, including sophisticated war planes and helicopters, have been substantial in the last few months. The report said that since last September Egypt has received nearly 100 MiG-21s and 16 Mi-8 troop-carrying helicopters.

The number of Russians now serving in Egypt may be as high as 20,000, according to some informed estimates. State Department spokesman Charles W. Bray repeated yesterday that it was U.S. policy to maintain the balance of power in the region. Other U.S. officials said they did not believe the new Soviet shipments had upset that balance.

In the face of the British government's refusal to hold a judicial investigation into the slaying of the Rev. James Bevel, a member of Parliament, announced that a local Socialist organization will finance an unofficial inquiry in Londonderry next week.

Miss Bevel said the tribunal members would include Paul O'Dwyer, New York civil rights lawyer and brother of a former mayor of New York City, the late William O'Dwyer, UPI said.

WASHINGTON, July 13 (NYT).—Mayor John V. Lindsay asked Congress yesterday for \$2.6 million to reimburse New York City for police protection during the 25th anniversary celebration at the United Nations last fall, but the State Department advocated a payment of \$1.3 million.

Despite the difference in the amounts, the New York mayor hailed the Nixon administration's request for some federal money to reimburse the city for police protection at the UN as "a very big breakthrough."

It represents the first time Washington has recognized that New York City performs an important national function when it provides police protection for the United Nations. Mr. Lindsay told a House Judiciary subcommittee hearing.

Up to now, the mayor noted, the city has not received any reimbursement for police protection at the UN and in 1960, he said, the city had to float \$3 million in budget notes to pay for extra police costs to protect visiting foreign dignitaries and their installations.

WASHINGTON, July 13 (UPI).—The United States Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit has ruled that schools have the right to regulate the length of students' hair.

The appeals court last week overrode two lower court decisions that had freed students from codes governing hair length.

"This is not a question of preference for or against certain male hair styles or the length to which persons desire to wear their hair," the appellate judges said. "The question is the right of school authorities to develop a code of dress and conduct best conducive to the fulfillment of their responsibility to educate."

If the plaintiffs wish to pursue the case, they can appeal to the Supreme Court.

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GUN CLEANING—An American gunner cleans his eight-inch howitzer at Firebase Two south of the DMZ in South Vietnam. The base has been turned over to the South Vietnamese, but the artillerymen manning the big guns have been left behind.

Jury Probing Times Action

(Continued from Page 1)
ness lists and the subject of a grand jury probe.

The sources said it was not immediately clear what sort of criminal charges the government is seeking. "It looks like a fishing expedition to me," said one source. "They don't seem to have much."

Use of the grand jury's subpoena power to compile information on the leaked papers was in line with beliefs of other government sources that the Justice Department will present some newspapers and individuals if it can build a case.

These government sources said that Attorney General John N. Mitchell had not decided whether to proceed criminally when he left last week for an American Bar Association meeting in London.

The Internal Security Division reportedly was charged with developing evidence to present to Mr. Mitchell when he returns on July 28.

"All Avenues Open"
The Justice Department's intention to prosecute was clearly stated July 1 when Mr. Mitchell said:

"Since the beginning of the Pentagon's investigation of the Pentagon's classified documents, all avenues of criminal prosecution have remained open. A review of the court's opinions indicates that there is nothing in them to affect this situation. The Department of Justice is continuing its investigation and will prosecute all those who have violated federal criminal laws in connection with this matter."

The mention of Susan Sheehan in the case gave rise to speculation that the government believes she may have been a conduit through which the documents passed to the Times. She has been mentioned in any Times account of the incident nor is she identified in the new Bantam book on the Pentagon Papers.

New Government Formed in Iceland By Johannesson

REYKJAVIK, Iceland, July 13 (AP).—Olafur Johannesson, chairman of the Progressive party, met President Vigdís Finnsdóttir today to report the formation of his new government to replace the coalition of Johann Hattstein.

The coalition of the Progressive party, Peoples Alliance (Communist) and the Liberal Left party control a majority with 33 seats in the Althing (parliament) following the June 13 elections.

The opposition comprises the Independence party (conservative) and Social Democrats, with 22 seats, which reigned for 12 years.

Mr. Johannesson will be the premier and his ministers from the Progressive party will be bank director Binar Agustsson, 49, foreign minister, and Haldror E. Sigurdsson, 55, minister of finance and agriculture.

The Peoples Alliance and Liberal Left have two ministers each.

British Find Body, Call Off Manhunt

CHESTER, England, July 13 (Reuters).—Police tonight called off the hunt for the killer of three young French tourists after the body of a man was found in a sea cave.

Detective Superintendent Arthur Benfield, who is leading the investigations into the murders, made the announcement after visiting the spot where the dead man was found. A full statement is expected tomorrow.

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CIA-Backed Meo Tribesmen Seize Laos' Plaine des Jarres

SAIGON, July 13 (AP).—Meo tribe commandos, operating under the U.S. Central Intelligence Agency, have seized virtually complete control of the Plaine des Jarres in northern Laos with no significant resistance from Communist-led forces, American sources said today.

Except for five months in 1963, the plain has been held by North Vietnamese-Pahtet Lao forces since 1964.

The lull in battlefield action continued across Indochina, and activity was reduced even further by tropical storms. 15th Air Force commandos of the Plain des Jarres, said commando teams from the clandestine Meo army of Gen. Vang Pao have covered most of the plain in search of Communist supplies.

The sources said the pro-government forces uncovered large underground food stores including rice, corn, and other staples, coffee and candy, but "very little munitions were uncovered."

For years Gen. Vang Pao has launched offensives in the monsoon season in efforts to strengthen his positions against North Vietnamese attacks during the dry season, which begins in November.

The plain has been for the Meo forces to make advances in the wet season, only to be pushed back in dry-season offensives by Communist-led forces.

Official sources said they expect Gen. Vang Pao's clandestine army to attempt to hold the plain, though it has not yet prepared permanent defensive positions.

Gen. Vang Pao's forces have established artillery fire-support bases on hillsides in the Plaine des Jarres, and some of them are said to be manned by Thai troops financed by the U.S. government.

Sources said American helicopters and C-123 transport planes are ferrying troops and supplies into Xiang Khoang airfield, in the center of the plain.

U.S. B-52 heavy-bombers and smaller tactical fighter-bombers are reportedly attacking Communist supply routes, including Route 7, leading from North Vietnam into the eastern part of the Plaine des Jarres.

33 Hunger-Striking Jews Told To Quit Moscow Wire Office

MOSCOW, July 13 (UPI).—Soviet police today warned 33 Georgian Jews on a day-long hunger strike in Moscow's central telegraph office that they face arrest if they do not leave soon, Jewish sources said.

The strikers "decided to stay and risk arrest; they will not give in," the sources said. The strikers are pressing demands for permission to emigrate to Israel. The sources said two police officers in uniform and one in plain clothes "warned them they cannot sit there indefinitely and are liable to arrest."

The strike began yesterday evening when 27 Georgian Jews went to a 24-hour telegraph office in Gorky Street after unsuccessfully petitioning Soviet President Nikolai V. Podgorny to grant them exit visas.

The sources said the group told Mr. Podgorny in a telegram that they were declaring a hunger strike "to protest against our forcible detention in the Soviet Union."

The sources quoted the telegram as saying: "We shall not end the strike until we get an answer to our legitimate demands."

The original 27 strikers petitioned Mr. Podgorny yesterday and vowed to walk in the reception room of the Soviet parliament until he replied. When the reception room closed, they went

U.S. Senate Resolution
WASHINGTON, July 13 (Reuters).—A bipartisan resolution was introduced in the Senate today urging President Nixon to exert greater efforts to aid Soviet Jews against persecution.

Sato Asserts Japan Cannot Police Seas

Denies U.S. Fleet's Role Is at Issue

TOKYO, July 13 (UPI).—Prime Minister Sato said today that Japan's naval power will not be strong enough—even in the future—to take over the defense functions of the U.S. Seventh Fleet in Asia.

Mr. Sato also said his government's "policy must be more cautious in its policy toward China in view of the fact that Japan and the U.S. are negotiating with Nationalist China as a condition to establishing diplomatic relations."

Mr. Sato, in his first press conference since he reorganized his cabinet on July 6, denied the U.S. Defense Secretary Melvin Laird and Japanese officials discussed the Seventh Fleet's possible withdrawal from the area.

"The question of the Seventh Fleet did not come up," Mr. Sato said. "Do you think the Japanese maritime self-defense force can take over part of the Seventh Fleet's function? It is hard to compare it with the American fleet, and it won't be able to do so, even in the distant future."

He said he agreed with Mr. Laird's statement that Japan's military forces need modern conventional weapons, he said they would get them "in time."

In answer to a question, the premier said his government's policy cannot go along with opposition Communist party proposals for an establishment of Sino-Japanese relations.

Last month, the Communist delegation to Peking and later with the Taiwan regime of President Chiang Kai-shek, as a step toward normalizing relations with China.

USAF Captain Found Guilty Of Anti-War Demonstration

(Continued from Page 1)
tary today than 25 years ago. They're better educated, more aware of what's going on. They came to London in a relaxed, casual manner, in a peaceful way, to present petitions, as they're allowed. It was an exercise of First Amendment rights. It was the right to petition for a redress of grievances."

Speaking slowly, with a soft Tennessee drawl, Capt. Wesson asked the jury: "Is there a reasonable doubt about this case? How will you feel about this tomorrow night, next week when you're on the golf course, on leave? What about the next court-martial? Are you going to think about Capt. Culver?"

Capt. Wesson concluded with a quotation of a statement made by President Nixon at graduation ceremonies at the Air Force Academy on June 4, 1968: "I believe that every man now in uniform is a citizen first and a serviceman second, and that we must resist any attempt to isolate or separate the defenders from the defended."

At issue in the case was whether Capt. Culver participated in a "demonstration" or merely presented anti-war petitions to the U.S. Embassy on May 31. Demonstrations are illegal for servicemen overseas. The presentation of petitions is legal.

Beyond this, Capt. Culver argued that the law barring demonstrations in foreign countries is an infringement of the freedom of speech of servicemen overseas. Off-duty servicemen in the United States are allowed to demonstrate.

"This is an important test case," Capt. Culver said today. "It raises constitutional issues that have to be faced. It will force the military to look at the constitutional rights, under the First Amendment, of American servicemen in foreign countries."

The issues involved are such things as the right to freedom of speech and the right to picket.

Relations with another country, Libya, remain unstrained. The Libyan Embassy was not disrupted by Moroccan troops after the Tripoli regime proclaimed a state of emergency for the rebels.

Meanwhile the situation in Libya has returned to normal in Cyrenaica after a week of fighting. The harbor had been cordoned off and ships seized by the army last night.

Libya Charges Moroccan 'Liberation' Group 'Liberation' Group 'Liberation' Group

TRIPOLI, Libya, July 13 (AP).—Libyan staff in Benghazi under house arrest and a group of men detained in the capital have been released today, the Foreign Ministry said today.

The ministry accused the group of participating in the drafting of a new constitution and of maltreating the embassy square in the following Saturday.

Telephone lines were cut and board members of the embassy were loyal to the Moroccan government and acting on the orders of the Oufkir rashed into the embassy.

The statement said the group was involved in a plot to overthrow the government and to establish a new constitution.

WEATHER
ALGAEVE 21 70 Partly cloudy
AMSTERDAM 18 64 Cloudy
ANKARA 21 72 Partly cloudy
ARABIA 21 72 Partly cloudy
BERLIN 21 72 Partly cloudy
BRISBANE 18 68 Partly cloudy
BUENOS AIRES 21 72 Partly cloudy
CAIRO 21 72 Partly cloudy
CARACAS 21 72 Partly cloudy
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YOKOHAMA 21 72 Partly cloudy

AT and T Making New Offer

Union Says Bell Walkout Is Certain

WASHINGTON, July 13 (UPI)—President Joseph A. Beirne of the AFL-CIO Communications Workers of America said today that a nationwide Bell System telephone strike will start at 6 a.m. EDT (1000 GMT) tomorrow and last at least two weeks.

Beirne said that so many local issues remained to be resolved that it would not be possible to reach agreement in the short time remaining before the scheduled strike.

negotiators were close as far as overall contract terms were concerned, but there was a dispute over how the money would be allocated.



NOT NOW, DEER—Four-year-old Jonathan Merrill is not in the mood for a thank you kiss from this small fawn at the State Game Farm in Dry Mills, Maine.

REMEMBER MUTT AND JEFF?—Pfc. John F. Nipp, 23 and 6 foot 8, interviewed Green Beret Captain Richard J. Flaherty, 26 and 4 foot 9, at a military camp in Pennsylvania.

Foreign Governments Said To Protest War Papers' Leak

WASHINGTON, July 13 (AP)—Foreign governments are complaining about newspaper publication of the secret Pentagon Papers on U.S. involvement in Vietnam, a State Department official said yesterday.

July 1 peace offer has hooks in it and may be destined to die, the United States is trying for clarification of certain vague terms, he said.

Women's Political Unit Sets Guidelines for Candidates

By Eileen Shanahan
WASHINGTON, July 13 (UPI)—The Women's National Political Caucus, a new organization dedicated to increasing the political power of women, announced yesterday the guidelines it will use in deciding what candidates it will support for public office.

Shanahan is not represented at all among the 21—women of Hispanic extraction.

Group 'Liberates' Draft Records

SOMERVILLE, Mass., July 13 (AP)—A group which calls itself Mr. Hoover's East Coast Conspiracy to Save Lives said it broke into the draft board in Power House Square today and "liberated" all important files.

The council contains some of the best known names in the feminist movement, including Reps. Bella Abzug and Shirley Chisholm, both New York Democrats; Betty Friedan, the founder of the National Organization for Women, and Gloria Steinem, a writer.

Laird Reassures Seoul on Defense

SEOUL, July 13 (AP)—U.S. Secretary of Defense Melvin R. Laird today assured his Korean counterpart, Jang Nae Huk, of the determination of America to render prompt assistance in the event of an armed attack against South Korea.

The assurance was made in an eight-point joint communiqué released at the end of two days of talks between Mr. Laird and Mr. Jang in the first annual Korean-U.S. security consultative meeting in Seoul.

Bolivian Miners Seize U.S.-Owned Gold Mine

LA PAZ, Bolivia, July 13 (AP)—Miners and farmers seized a U.S.-owned gold mine yesterday in a tropical region some 125 miles northeast of La Paz.

The firm, South American Pacer, is one of the few U.S. companies remaining in Bolivia. It has an estimated value of \$4.5 million.

Nixon Signs Emergency Job Measure

By Carroll Kilpatrick
SAN CLEMENTE, Calif., July 13 (UPI)—President Nixon signed yesterday an emergency job bill designed to subsidize temporary public service work in cities and states plagued by high unemployment.

U.S. Said to Be Holding Back On Improvements to MIRV

WASHINGTON, July 13 (UPI)—The United States is deliberately holding back on improvements to its multiple, independently-targeted re-entry vehicle (MIRV) missile, a high defense official said today.

SALT Talks Are 'Serious, Constructive'

HELSINKI, July 13 (UPI)—The United States and the Soviet Union got down to "serious negotiations" here today on limitation of strategic nuclear weapons.

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Wheat Pact Ratified

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Sentences Vary With U.S. Judges, Senators Assert

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1.6 Million on Strike

More than 1.6 million American workers—or about one in every 50 jobholders—were involved in a labor dispute of some kind. They included longshoremen at 24 West Coast ports and Western Union workers, who are on strike, and 350,000 steel workers and 650,000 postal workers who are involved in negotiations.

In the Bell System dispute, the union is asking for a 25 percent wage increase during the first year of new contracts. The system has offered a wage and benefit package increase totaling 39 percent over three years.

Some 23,000 members of the Screen Actors Guild were set to walk out at midnight today (800 GMT, Wednesday) against major movie studios, independent production companies and the three major television networks.

The bill, for which there was strong bipartisan political support because of the high rate of unemployment, authorizes federal expenditures of \$2.25 billion over two years to create public jobs in the fields of health, education, police work, sanitation and public works.

Mr. Nixon said that the new bill, as contrasted with the measure he vetoed, is temporary in nature and provides for on-the-job training to help those employed to move on to permanent jobs.

The vetoed bill, he said, would have created "dead-end" jobs for those employed and created "WPA-type jobs," a reference to the Works Progress Administration of New Deal days.

Mr. Nixon said that the measure he signed yesterday will provide employment promptly in areas where cities and states need extra help to meet the pressures upon them for better police, sanitation, parks, education and health services.

The Labor Department has a number of areas selected where men will be put to work as soon as the expected \$1 billion appropriation measure is signed, Mr. Nixon noted.

So this will have an immediate effect in areas of high unemployment," he said.

Returning veterans will be favored by the act, which directs states and states using the money to "give special consideration" to unemployed or underemployed veterans who served in Korea and Vietnam.

The act is "triggered" whenever the national rate of unemployment is at 4.5 percent or higher for three consecutive months. In addition, the act provides additional funds for communities where the local unemployment is 6 percent or above for three months.

The national unemployment rate in recent months has been around 6 percent, rising in the spring to 6.2 percent but dropping last month to 5.6 percent.

Women's Political Unit Sets Guidelines for Candidates

By Eileen Shanahan
WASHINGTON, July 13 (UPI)—The Women's National Political Caucus, a new organization dedicated to increasing the political power of women, announced yesterday the guidelines it will use in deciding what candidates it will support for public office.

Shanahan is not represented at all among the 21—women of Hispanic extraction.

The decision to add more young women to the policy council was made only after a group of radical young women protested the age distribution on the council.

"Power Will Be Taken" Speaking at a press conference, Mrs. Abzug declared that "a new political force was born."

Miss Chisholm said that the members of the caucus realize that "no one gives away political power. It must be taken. And we will take it."

The caucus, which intends to organize groups in every state, will aim at the election of women to those offices.

There was one exception to this general rule: Adoption of an absolute prohibition of support for any candidate, male or female, who held or advocated racist views.

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Where the same crime has been committed by similar offenders under similar circumstances, the punishment should be reasonably uniform," said Sen. Roman Hruska, key Republican on the committee, in explaining the bill.

Sen. Hruska cited a study showing a bank robber convicted in one U.S. District Court can expect a 68-month sentence, while in another his term likely would be 184 months—three times as long. The average is 140 months.

Within minimum and maximum limits set by law, a federal trial judge has total discretion in sentence. There is no appeal from the sentence, even though a higher court can reverse or set aside a conviction.

Wheat Pact Ratified

WASHINGTON, July 13 (UPI)—The Senate has ratified a treaty implementing a new three-year international wheat agreement and passed a resolution urging President Nixon to seek "negotiations on world wheat prices.

Sentences Vary With U.S. Judges, Senators Assert

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Nixon Hears Kissinger in Tour Report Top-Level Review Of Red Offer Starts

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Obituaries: Edgar Eisenhower, 82; President's Brother

WASHINGTON, July 13 (WP).—Edgar N. Eisenhower, 82, brother of the late President Dwight D. Eisenhower, died last night in Tacoma, Wash., nine days after being hospitalized for arteriosclerosis that a doctor said caused severe brain damage.

Edgar Eisenhower once publicly accused his brother of breaking a campaign promise. "I can't for the life of me understand what persuaded Dwight to go for that big budget this year. All of his campaign speeches and promises were for decreased government spending."

Edgar's been criticizing me since I was 5 years old," the President replied, when told about his brother's remarks.

President Eisenhower's older brother was a tax lawyer who was once described by his political ally, U.S. Sen. Barry Goldwater, as "a wonderful man who is even rightwing of me."

2d-oldest son

The second-oldest of seven sons, Mr. Eisenhower was the first in the family to be nicknamed "Ike."

"When Dwight (a year younger) came along to school, the boys began calling me 'Big Ike' and him 'Little Ike,'" Mr. Eisenhower reminisced.

Born in Hope, Kan., he graduated from high school in Abilene. His brother Dwight helped finance his first year in college while awaiting appointment to the U.S. Military Academy. In 1914, Mr. Eisenhower graduated

from law school at the University of Michigan.

He moved to Tacoma, Wash., the same year and established the law practice he conducted there for more than 50 years. While his brother was President, Mr. Eisenhower came to Washington several times to attend White House social events.

Against Administration Mr. Eisenhower expressed dissatisfaction with government policies several times during his brother's administration, speaking out against Social Security, high taxes and the decision to send federal troops to enforce desegregation of the schools in Little Rock, Ark.

In 1959, Mr. Eisenhower became a trustee of Americans for Constitutional Action, which described itself as dedicated to opposing the government's "spend-thrift and inflationary policies."

Five years later Mr. Eisenhower served as honorary chairman of the Washington State Goldwater for President Committee.

Of the seven Eisenhower brothers, only Milton, interim president of Johns Hopkins University and head of the Presidential Commission on Violence, survives.

Adm. Joseph Clark

NEW YORK, July 13 (AP).—Adm. Joseph James (Jack) Clark, 70, veteran U.S. Navy combat commander known as the "Patron of the Pacific" for his aggressiveness against Japanese units in World War II, died here today.

A family spokesman said Adm. Clark, who saw duty in three wars and received dozens of decorations, had cancer and died in a hospital.

Adm. Clark served twice as as-

stant chief of U.S. naval operations in Washington, but it was his daring in battle that distinguished his 40-year career as a naval officer.

In the two years before his retirement in 1963, he served as commander of the Seventh Fleet, operating against forces in North Korea, and received nine medals.

Adm. Clark earlier was cited for "extraordinary heroism" in World War II when he commanded the flagship USS Hornet in a task-force assault against a Japanese convoy near the Bonin Islands in the Pacific.

In one engagement in World War II, Adm. Clark took a calculated risk as planes were returning at night from an attack on the Japanese fleet in the Philippines Sea.

Because most of the pilots were inexperienced at night landing, Adm. Clark ordered the ships' lights turned on, despite warnings that there were enemy submarines in the area.

"Damn the submarines," he said. "Turn on the lights."

Mrs. Marion McVitty

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., July 13 (NYT).—Mrs. Marion Hazard McVitty, 60, a well known personality here as an official observer for the World Federalists, died of cancer Sunday at New York's St. Vincent's Hospital.

Mrs. McVitty was widely known among the 250 private organizations that maintain U.N. observers who follow the organization's meetings and frequently contribute ideas or reports to delegations.

Mrs. McVitty's special field of interest was disarmament. She published a book, "Preface to Disarmament," in 1969 and wrote many articles on the subject. She also testified in Washington at congressional hearings. She was the editor of the Independent Observer, a newsletter analyzing events at the U.N.

Secretary-General U Thant praised her contributions in a letter last year and spoke of her

"devotion and dedication to the principles of the United Nations."

J. W. Campbell Jr.

MOUNTAINVIEW, N.J., July 13 (AP).—John Wood Campbell Jr., 61, science-fiction writer and editor of a science-fiction magazine for the last 34 years, died Sunday at his home.

Mr. Campbell had edited "Analog, Science Fact and Fiction," since 1937.

He wrote a novel in 1938, "Who Goes There," which was made into the movie "The Thing From Outer Space."

Mr. Campbell was also known as a scientific prophet, credited with making many accurate predictions in the columns of his magazine. In 1939 he predicted that atomic energy would be released from uranium.

Clifford Goldsmith

TUCSON, Ariz., July 13 (AP).—Clifford Goldsmith, 72, creator of one of American radio's longest running programs, "The Aldrich Family," died at a hospital here Sunday.

"The Aldrich Family," which was first carried on radio in 1938, ran until 1954. It was also televised in the early 1960s. Mr. Goldsmith wrote the first season's script for the TV program. Later, he worked with other writers.

Maj. Gen. Ivan R. Kirpal

MOSCOW, July 13 (UPI).—Maj. Gen. Ivan R. Kirpal, 56, head of the political department of the general staff and of anti-aircraft defense troops, has died, the army newspaper, Krasnaya Zvezda, said today.

Gen. Keith McCutcheon

WASHINGTON, July 13 (AP).—Retired U.S. Marine Gen. Keith B. McCutcheon, 58, died of cancer today at Bethesda Naval Hospital, Marine officials said.

Gen. McCutcheon was commander of all Marine forces in Vietnam until last December. He was chosen to become commandant of the Marine Corps but became ill before he could take over that post.



HUMAN TRAGEDY—A 100-year-old refugee woman from East Pakistan carried by her son, hoping to find haven in Indian border town of Bongaon. After 13 days of walking from East Pakistan to the border, they still had not found accommodation in any camp.

Corona Indicted in 25 Killings

YUBA CITY, Calif., July 13 (UPI).—A 25-count first-degree murder indictment was returned last night against Juan V. Corona, suspected slayer of transient farm workers.

Mr. Corona, 37, a farm-labor contractor, was arrested after 25 bodies of field workers were ex-

humed during late May and early June along the Feather River and surrounding orchards north of Yuba City.

Grand jury members were ordered not to discuss the case with anyone by Sutter County Superior Court Judge John G. Hauck.

Ceausescu Orders a Purge Of Non-Communist Culture

VIENNA, July 13 (UPI).—Romanian President Nicolae Ceausescu ordered his Communist party today to take direct charge of the nation's culture and to eliminate everything that does not serve "Communist education."

Mr. Ceausescu, in a speech to party activists, filled in details on a party decree last week which ordered a major ideological crackdown—one of the most stringent in Communist nations in recent years.

The campaign came at a time when most East European nations are easing up on cultural controls. Diplomats in Romania said Mr. Ceausescu, who is also party first secretary, was obviously unhappy with the Romanians' commitment to Communism and with the creeping increase of Western influence in Romanian television, movies, books and life styles.

'Arts Must Serve'

To counteract this, Mr. Ceausescu said, "it is necessary to strengthen the party leadership and guidance of the whole cultural-artistic life of this country. There must be a single concept [and] ideology—the revolutionary ideology and concept of the working class."

Specifically, he called on party leaders to personally approve any imported movie and any play staged in Romania. The party, he said, "must take over entirely... the whole educational activity."

"The press," he said, "is an instrument of the party and must serve to disseminate the party policy in all domains of activity... we cannot admit radio and television programs which by their content do not actively contribute to the Communist, patriotic, revolutionary education of the youth of the people."

Mr. Ceausescu said the government "has the right to interfere in literature and in the fine arts, also in music, to admit only what it considers to harmonize with Socialism."

Mr. Ceausescu said "freedom of creation" must give way before this right.

"We do not understand and cannot accept any kind of freedom for the productions inspired by concepts alien to the ideology of the working class," he said.

He admitted that some party members feared that the crackdown meant "a reversion to the past," but said, "I don't know what they mean."

Despite its relatively independent foreign policy, Romania, domestically, has long been one of the most rigid East European states, with the party in firm control and with little freedom of artistic creation. Visitors to Romania have noted a widespread disillusionment with Communism among the people, an opposition to the party bureaucracy and a boredom with party propaganda.

Apollo-15 Rocket Passes Tests in Key Rehearsal

CAPES KENNEDY, July 13 (UPI).—The Apollo-15 rocket, loaded with one million gallons of propellant, passed a critical countdown rehearsal today for the launch to the moon in 12 days.

The Saturn-5 rocket, venting oxygen vapor as it would on launch day, simulated a blastoff up to the moment just short of the engine ignition command.

Apollo-15 astronaut David R. Scott, Alfred M. Worden and James R. Travis skipped the exercise today because of the trouble involved with a fully fueled Saturn. They will run through their part of the countdown tomorrow, when the rocket is drained.

The final hours of the test went without a hitch. All three stages of the Saturn were loaded with kerosene, liquid oxygen and liquid hydrogen.

"We've had a very good countdown," reported a spokesman.

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43-Page Paper to Mitchell

Brownell's Memo for Pan Am Supported Merger With TWA

By Christopher D. Lydon

WASHINGTON, July 13 (UPI)—The merger discussions under way between Trans World Airlines and Pan American World Airways were brought to the attention of Attorney General John N. Mitchell three months ago in a memorandum from his predecessor, the Eisenhower years, Herbert J. Brownell.

Senate Unit Moves Bill to Aid Lockheed

WASHINGTON, July 13 (UPI)—The Senate Banking Committee today approved a bill intended to help Lockheed Aircraft Corp. and other financially troubled companies from bankruptcy with government loan guarantees.

Man Near Death, Gored Running Pamplona Bulls

PAMPLONA, Spain, July 13 (UPI)—Doctors today fought to save the life of a Spaniard who was gored through the chest and trampled on by a bull this morning in San Fermín festival.

Agnew Confers With Kenyatta

NAIROBI, Kenya, July 13 (UPI)—Vice-President Spiro T. Agnew conferred today with President Jomo Kenyatta of Kenya and then prepared to leave for his first safari—a one-day stay at Treetops, a hotel built on tree branches and wooden plings some two hours drive from the capital.

California Man Hacked to Death, Wounds 3

SANBURN, Calif., July 13 (AP)—A balding man armed with a knife or machete hacked a man and woman to death and wounded three other persons at the Bear Bar campground on the Bear River, Sheriff Wayne Brown said today.

Special Counsel Mr. Brownell, a partner in the law firm of Lead, Day and Lord, said yesterday that he was retained by Pan Am as special counsel to assist in its search for merger opportunities.

The Justice Department, whose anti-trust division would be expected to scrutinize such a merger carefully, said it had no comment on Mr. Mitchell's receipt of the Brownell memorandum.

Mr. Brownell's analysis concentrated on problems and prospects in the North Atlantic market.

The elimination of duplicate service on North Atlantic routes alone would save \$83 million a year, the paper said. Service would actually be improved, it contended, because an integrated carrier could afford flights that TWA and Pan Am could not sustain competitively today.

Although the merged airline would carry at least 38 percent of the North Atlantic traffic, Mr. Brownell said it would not have a monopoly on any relevant route.

The fundamental and undeniable fact, he wrote, "is that the competition provided by some 40 airlines and half-dozen thriving supplementals would continue to provide the stiffest kind of competitive stimulus to the combined carrier."

He said it would be against the public interest for Congress to deny the guarantee. Bankruptcy, he said, would cost the government \$1 billion through lost taxes and unemployment costs, throw 60,000 people out of work and give a \$2-billion monopoly to the firm which would supply the Tri-Linear response.

Mr. Agnew said that the company would be willing to share a percentage of the profits with the government "if this is the only way we can survive."

U.S. Destroying Germ War Stock

PINE BLUFF, Ark., July 13 (AP)—The 46-week process of destroying the Army's germ warfare agents stored at the Pine Bluff Arsenal began this morning.



STRIKES AND SPARES—Mrs. Suharto, wife of Indonesian President, in traditional sarong and kebaya, bowling barefoot at new bowling center in Djakarta.

U.S. Red-Hunting Board Shy Of Work 'to Fill Our Time'

WASHINGTON, July 13 (UPI)—The head of the Communist-hunting Subversive Activities Control Board, which some congressmen say is useless, has conceded that there is not enough work to keep the board and its staff busy.

Chairman John Mahan told a Senate appropriations subcommittee last week that the board, which has an annual appropriation of \$450,000, only heard three witnesses last year.

Each board member is paid \$36,000 a year and the average salary for staff members is \$14,480.

1-Day Strike Hits Rome's Central Railway Station

ROME, July 13 (AP)—Rome's central railway station was tied up today by a 24-hour strike of train workers which snarled the travel plans of many tourists and vacationing Italians.

U.S. Will Release Four Castro Foes Found With Guns

MIAMI, July 13 (UPI)—The federal government decided yesterday to release four Cuban exiles arrested Sunday at Key Largo, while announcing large quantities of arms from a boat.

Possibly Dangerous Drug Curbed by Swiss

BERN, Switzerland, July 13 (AP)—A popular travel-sickness drug was suspended from sale today as Swiss federal authorities investigated reports that it caused "serious disturbances to health."

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L.A. Gives Lie Detector Test To Aides in Sirhan Case

LOS ANGELES, July 13 (UPI)—Some employees in the county clerk's office have been given lie detector tests in connection with the alleged mishandling of evidence in the Robert F. Kennedy assassination, it was disclosed yesterday.

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Advertisement for Marie Martine watches, featuring the text 'NEW MODELS AUTUMN-WINTER COLLECTION' and 'Marie Martine'.

Advertisement for Eterna Sonic watches, featuring the text 'The Swiss obsession with punctuality: It finally produced the Eterna Sonic' and 'ETERNA SONIC the ultimate in Swiss Watchmaking'.

Large advertisement for 'IMPORT CARGO' featuring various home goods like garden furniture, lamps, and chairs, with the text 'An exciting concept from America. Grand Opening July 15th. GARDEN GOODS'.

Advertisement for Alan McAfee Mens Shoes, located at 38 Dover St. Piccadilly, London, with phone number 493 1771.

Advertisement for CHUNN Perfumes, located at 48 Rue Richer, Paris.

Table titled 'Official Student Flights' listing travel services for various countries like the UK, France, and Scandinavia.

Prisoners of History?

A British soldier was killed in Belfast while Orangemen in Northern Ireland marched to celebrate the anniversary of the Battle of the Boyne—fought 281 years ago, and there were stonings and bus hijackings elsewhere in Ulster in memory of the defeat of King James II by William of Orange. Wracked by civil strife that follows sectarian lines, it might well be claimed that Ulster is the prisoner of history, doomed to perpetuate a struggle that long ago lost any real relevance to today's world.

But it is not history that sets Irishman against Irishman, and both against Scot and English—or, certainly, not history alone. Boyne Water was a tangled fight, from any nationalist standpoint: Dutch William had relatively few soldiers from the British Isles in a polyglot army that included Swiss and Finns, as well as many of his own countrymen; the disciplined and trained core of James's force was French. Even the date of the battle is obscured by the subsequent change in the calendar from the old style to new. And William's decisive victory over the last Stuart to rule Britain came a year later, when the Dutch Van Ginkel defeated the French Marquis de Saint-Ruth at Aughrim.

Nevertheless, the Battle of the Boyne became the great symbol of the Irish Protestants with the formation of the Orange Order more than a century after the affray. Its influence spread beyond Britain, and

there was rioting between Orangemen and Irish Catholics in New York on the 12th of July; it is still celebrated in Toronto, and one of the most divisive aspects of Louis Riel's rebellions in Canada was that they pitted Catholic French-Indians against the country's Protestants by the killing of an Orangeman.

But in the United States and Canada these divisions are no longer significant. All New Yorkers become a kind of honorary Irish on St. Patrick's Day, and in Canada it is French-speaking nationalism rather than religious affiliation that causes friction. And in Ulster itself it is rather the domination of a cultural and economic group—Oma which is threatened both by a minority within Northern Ireland and by the claims of the South to embrace the whole island, that is at issue, rather than theology.

True, the old words, the old songs, and the old bitternesses of religious division exacerbate and emphasize the conflict. And to the extent that history helped shape the contending forces, history drives on mobs and guides the aim of snipers and rock-throwers. But to submit, mindlessly, to history is no less a submission than the acceptance of any other tyranny. Ireland must rise above a tragic past, or it is doomed to a tragic future. The hard, practical problems of the present, the adjustment of economic equities and the establishment of cross-cultural ties are difficult enough without raising ghosts from Boyne Water.

The Democratic Outlook

The growing number of would-be Democratic presidential candidates is a testament to the party's confidence that it can defeat President Nixon for re-election. The unusual variety of these candidates in experience, style and convictions is a testament to the party's traditional diversity. The active or actively interested candidates range from that sober, cautious, little-known pillar of the congressional establishment, Rep. Wilbur Mills of Arkansas, to that implausible adventurer, Mayor Sam Yorty of Los Angeles. There are Sen. William Proxmire of Wisconsin, who is best known for killing the SST and wanting to cut the Pentagon budget, and Sen. Henry Jackson of Washington, who fought to save the SST and wants to increase the Pentagon budget.

Rep. William Anderson of Tennessee, a retired Navy captain best known for championing the Berrigan brothers, is a remotely possible candidate for the support of the Democrats who rank peace as the overriding issue. He would be yoking with the much better known Sen. George McGovern of South Dakota, the only declared candidate; with former Attorney General Ramsey Clark, with Sen. Harold Hughes of Iowa, who nominated former Sen. Eugene McCarthy at the 1968 convention, and possibly with Mr. McCarthy himself unless the latter decides to found his own party.

Both members of the narrowly unsuccessful Democratic ticket last time—Sen. Hubert Humphrey and Sen. Edmund Muskie—would like to run again for the top spot, while Sen. Edward Kennedy, on behalf of the party's favorite dynasty, would not turn it down.

And then still to be mentioned are Sen. Birch Bayh and Sen. Fred Harris. Even the ranks of the party do not exhaust the list of potential candidates. There are Democrats who would like their party to nominate an independent Republican such as Mayor John V. Lindsay of New York who, despite any difficulties he may be having at city hall, has national political appeal and whose candidacy would have a large if incalculable effect on the Democratic contest.

Out of this welter of candidates it is possible to discern the big four—Sens. Muskie, McGovern, Kennedy and Humphrey. In every opinion poll since the 1968 election, Mr. Muskie has run either first or second as the choice of rank-and-file Democrats. More significant, however, is the fact that he runs strongest in those voting groups where his party is weakest and needs to build strength—the suburbs, the college-educated, the independents. In contrast, Sen. Kennedy does well because of his appeal to the party's traditional supporters—the cities, the blacks, the manual workers.

Sen. Muskie's strengths are his dignified calmness, his cool judgment under fire, his

tolerance and openness to argument. No national leader since Franklin Roosevelt has been better than Mr. Muskie in delivering a conventional "fireside chat." These same qualities appeal to party leaders looking for a candidate who can harmonize their differences. But to many young voters and to those who believe the times call for radical change, Sen. Muskie appears a little too cautious. He evokes respect but not enthusiasm.

This mild dissatisfaction with the front-runner provides Sen. McGovern with his opportunity. He lags far back in the private estimates of local politicians, but if he should capture the imagination of ordinary voters in the primaries, he could overturn all the orthodox calculations. As a candidate thus far, Mr. McGovern has shown the weaknesses of his strengths. That is, he was an early and consistent critic of the war; he boldly champions a reduction in military spending and a new order of national priorities. For many who share his convictions, that record establishes his moral superiority. But many others fear his views are too sharp a cutting edge and he would antagonize as many elements as he won over.

Sen. Humphrey, ebullient, energetic, valuable, optimistic and friendly, looks as if he is back in his natural home now that he has returned to the Senate. There are those in his party who believe that he ought to be content to stay in the Senate. His liberal reputation was badly damaged by his service as Vice-President in the Johnson administration. It is doubtful if he could stir the enthusiasm and active support of many independents and younger voters. Yet Mr. Humphrey has a long and constructive record of public service and is an indefatigable campaigner; and in view of Mr. Nixon's return from the political graveyard, no major politician can ever again be said to have been damaged irreparably.

What is true for Mr. Humphrey is true in equal measure for Sen. Kennedy. The tragedy of Chappaquiddick was a kind of misfortune different from Mr. Humphrey's public defense of a war about which he had private doubts. But both call into question the quality of a man's judgment. On that occasion, Sen. Kennedy did not demonstrate the candor and clarity of judgment which the public has a right to expect in a high public official.

Time, the great healer, can soften the past and impose a statute of limitation with regard to regrettable episodes, as it has in the case of certain events in President Nixon's earlier career. But the memory of Chappaquiddick has not yet faded. For that reason if for no other, Mr. Kennedy would do well to avoid seeking the presidency next year.

THE NEW YORK TIMES.

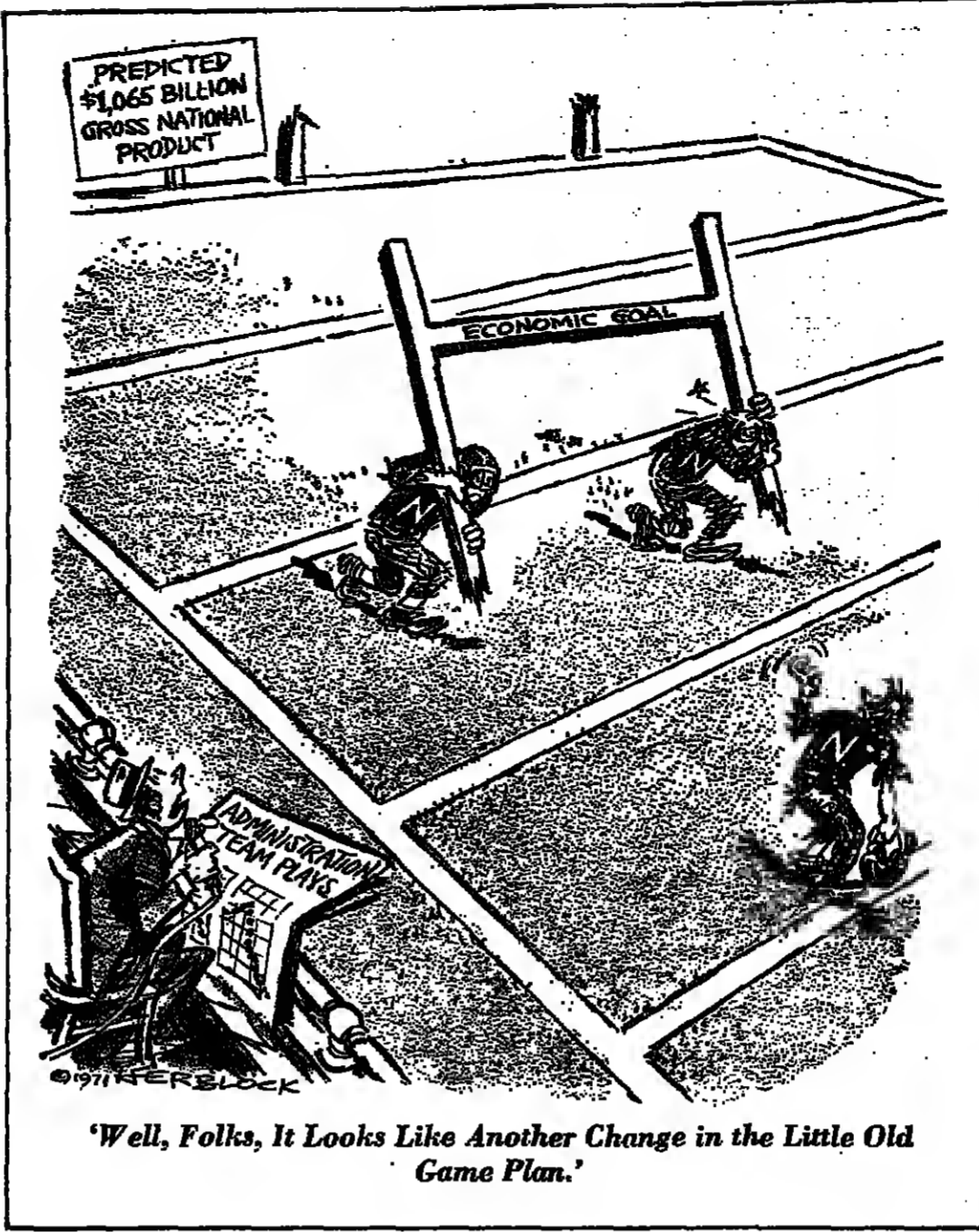
In the International Edition

Seventy-Five Years Ago

July 14, 1896
NEW YORK—Mr. William Jennings Bryan has assumed the leadership of his campaign for the present. He is an enthusiast—raw but gifted. He believed that the star of destiny is over him and is positive of his ability to sweep the country with his marvellous gift of speech just as he swept the Democratic Convention. The Democratic party, however, is split, some favoring gold and Mr. McKinley.

Fifty Years Ago

July 14, 1921
CHICAGO—"Gingham gowns for girls" may become the mandate in business offices in Chicago if the present extreme styles continue, some of the employment agencies in the city announced. At any rate, a great wave in reform and more restrictive dress for the girls seems to be demanded, but the girls themselves are not cooperating. They still come to work in knee-length skirts and silk stockings, etc.



'Well, Folks, It Looks Like Another Change in the Little Old Game Plan.'

The Price of Democracy

By C. P. Snow

LONDON.—From across the Atlantic, the first thing that hits one about the Pentagon disclosures is that nothing like them could have happened here. Our legal processes would have strangled them before birth. Let me hasten to say that I'm not suggesting that this is a point to us. All systems of your kind or ours—what we call parliamentary democracies—have some method of extracting information out of the executive and keeping it in check. Our method is by making the executive directly responsible to Parliament. Yours is in the last resort the press.

Each of these methods has its disadvantages. I don't think that in our system so many hidden decisions behind the Vietnam policy could have remained so hidden for so many years; we shouldn't have known the whole truth, but we should have known part of it. On the other hand, our method can suppress the whole truth almost forever. For instance, there was much foolishness and wickedness behind the Suez adventure, as much as behind Vietnam, and also perpetrated by decent, honorable and intelligent men. But, though we can guess, we shouldn't really know what went on until a lot of us are dead.

Price of Honesty

On balance, your method probably has the greater virtues. It certainly puts a major premium on honesty. For that you pay a price. The chief price, it seems from over here, is a heavy strain upon society. It will need a lot of self-control and stoicism for people to keep their heads; and for Americans to keep their heads is desperately important for us all. I was, I confess, a little surprised that the news came as so traumatic a shock. For anyone who has ever been within touch-

ing distance of secret decisions, or who has even read the history of the last war, it couldn't have been. In the last war we solemnly denounced the Germans for bombing civilian targets, shouting out loud that this was an unthinkable outrage; so unthinkable that we had been determined to do it, on the largest scale in our power, from long before the war. Why did we build heavy bombers (which, incidentally, neither the Germans nor the Russians did).

Self-Deception

I haven't had the chance to read all the documents, but what is surprising to me is not the language or deception (that is an occupational disease of war), but the extent of self-deception among, as I said before, decent, honorable and intelligent men. Somehow two pressures, converging together, seem to have driven out realism. One was the ideological realism, which meant that the abstract called "Communism" in a negative sense took charge; and the other was the intoxication of technological power. The latter was, as is, most deluding. This isn't hindsight; I said it in America in the early sixties and there, because I hadn't anything more useful to say, kept quiet. There is a sadistic moral or world political sense, that Vietnam war was never on.

Surely the essential thing now, though, is for Americans to keep their heads. Guilt, recriminations, will get us all nowhere. The lessons can be assimilated. American society is much tougher, and fundamentally sturdier, than some of my American friends seem to think. The whole world will look brighter when the most generous side of America finds its cause. There is a sadistic right in front of us. Over-population and all it will bring, is flooding on us every-

day. Unless that is coped with, all these troubles of 1971 will seem like a remote footnote to a comparatively placid and luxurious age.

Lord Snow, author of "The Two Cultures" and "Corridors of Power," is a close student of contemporary civilization. He wrote this article for The New York Times.

PARIS.—Communist strategy in this final phase of the Indochina war seems postulated on proving Abraham Lincoln was wrong and that it is indeed possible to fool all the American people at the time. Hanoi has reason to believe it may well demonstrate this cynical theorem's accuracy.

Emphasis of the conflict has shifted from the battlefield of Vietnam, Laos and Cambodia to Paris where, although formal peace talks remain stalemated, cubic yards of propaganda are being released. After a year's absence, Le Duc Tho, number five in the North Vietnamese pecking order, returned here to John Madama Binh, the Viet Cong negotiator, in mounting a diplomatic offensive.

It doesn't require second sight to see that Hanoi is convinced a growing majority of Americans opposes any Nixon policy that isn't tantamount to cut and run from Indochina and that the respect and esteem for the U.S. government on war policy flicker close to zero.

Communist officials have therefore eagerly made themselves

A Failing Grade For U.S. Schools

By Joseph Alsop

WASHINGTON—If you want to know where we Americans now stand, particularly in our management of our dire internal social problems, you can do worse than consider the following set of facts.

ITEM: Last June 17, the Pennsylvania Commission on Human Relations peremptorily ordered prompt, total desegregation of the Philadelphia and Pittsburgh school systems, by massive intra-city busing if need be. As of today, Philadelphia's schools are already above 80 percent black.

Truly desegregated schooling is therefore impossible in Philadelphia. In addition, on the basis of all past experience over nearly 20 years, Philadelphia's white families with children to educate will gradually flee to the suburbs. So Philadelphia is almost certainly condemned to end as a near-ghetto city with a solid black school system.

ITEM: This is the present condition of Washington, D.C. Ironically enough, precisely because of the desegregation order of 1954, the Washington school system has been just about solid black for years. It is deeply doubtful, furthermore, whether Washington's black children today get any better education than they did when there were still white children in white public schools. And it is certain that the clever black children—who should be the future door-openers for their people—are getting a much worse education than used to be offered in the wicked, segregated days at Dunbar High School.

ITEM: The New York Times, which at least cannot be suspected of prejudice, very belatedly conducted two recent surveys of the results of desegregation, one in New York City and one in the nation. The New York survey told of schools torn "by racial fears and resentment." The nationwide survey spoke grimly of "racial polarization, disruptions and growing racial tensions that sometimes erupt into violence."

ITEM: The few remains of this country's unique experiment in serious school improvement in the ghettos are in New York; but they are now likely to be cleaned away. The more effective schools program has long been dying for two reasons. It had no support whatever from liberal intellectuals.

In addition, liberal educationists viciously attacked the program,

when it still had some hope of it, as a "self-financing program for segregated education." This bias in turn biased certain reports on the program. The program had its faults, but was one of the richest promises. Yet fashionably liberal reports, not only of the failures, which could have been swiftly remedied by tacking the faults.

ITEM: In those days, the fashionable American liberal prescription was not schools improved, simple, practical methods related to teach children to read and write. The fashionable prescription was, instead, "community control." The Adams School in this city, is a good specimen of an experiment in community control.

That impeccably fashionable liberal former Commissioner of Education Harold Howe, refused to lift a finger to get any effective schools in New York. Meanwhile, he found money for Adams School, and a recent report in The Washington Post shows that Adams School, today, is an educational disaster area, while its community control system has become something mighty close to a financial disaster.

Add up these items, which predict the future of most, if not the major cities in America. What, then, do they mean?

First of all, and very obvious, they mean that the virtuous American liberal sloganera has had hold of the wrong end of the stick for years on end. Instead of worrying about "self-financing rationales," they should have been beating the drum for serious school improvement, right where the children are in school.

When improvement comes, it will have to come—it will be very expensive. It will require enriching education from a very early age. It will demand more and branch effort on the part of the more effective school program. But if equal justice is to be offered to America's black minority, the job will have to be done in the end.

Yet the foregoing record, tinged with facts which have been around for years, also has another meaning. It means that American intellectual liberalism is now finally devoid of any intellectual content whatever, of intellectual content after all means ability to face and deal with facts like the foregoing. Instead, there are only two remaining American liberal slogans: "Love the war, and then, damn it, the United States."

Letters

Still Dogging It

Congratulations on your article on the English attitude toward bringing dogs into their tight little island. I have sent your article on to the Prime Minister, with a reminder that the British attitude is a bit staid, and suggesting that, come the millennium upon Common Market entry, perhaps they could relax a bit.

One must not overlook the built-in self-interest of the veterinarians, and perhaps the British government could phase out the kennel program by paying them for NOT keeping dogs in confinement! That would save the conscience of the veterinarians and provide at the same time a humane and human solution of the problem of dogs and their owners.

WILLIAM RICKEL
Etraiques, France

Press and Policy

I refer to the Pentagon-N.Y. Times case. There are disturbing and unresolved questions still to be faced up to here, not the least of which is whether the press itself is prepared to come forward with some kind of voluntary machinery designed to avoid repetition of such damaging confrontations between the two fundamental opposites of a free society, freedom of the press and legitimate national security interests.

I propose a press-sponsored initiative calling for a blue-rib-

bon panel of five distinguished representatives, one from each of the following: government, press, Congress, judiciary and the public. Sworn to silence, panel members would be called together within 48 hours of a newspaper's receipt of information from government files clearly stamped "Secret" or higher. They would decide, by majority vote, on one issue, viz. is the classified information which the particular newspaper desires to publish so vital to legitimate national security interests that the First Amendment guarantee must not be invoked by the newspaper in question. A ruling would have to be given within 48 hours, failing which the material could be published.

Accent is placed on the need for voluntary establishment by the press of such a panel to preclude cries of efforts by the government, at unconstitutional censorship.

THEODORE A. COSHNEAR
Attorney at Law
Milan

Liberal's Defense

Since my patriotic pride seems now to have survived "On Independence Day in the United States" (Herald, July 5), may I please offer a liberal's defense in the language of a scholar in the field?

Twenty years ago Eric Goldman wrote a history of liberal and progressive movements in the United States. Would not most

liberals today still lay claim to the premise that: "For almost a century the modern American reformer has been the gaffly and the conscience to a large extent the heart and the mind of the only nation in man's history which has dared to live by the credo that any individual's rendezvous with his destiny is a rendezvous with a better tomorrow."

MARY E. LYDDANE
Avignon, France

Youth Fares

Congratulations to editorial cartoonist Herblock for so aptly depicting pictorially (Herald, July 8) the aggravating illogic of the airlines' "youth fare" ridiculousness. But probably we 29-pluses should sincerely wish the scheduled airlines great success in segregating and packing all the "hippie-kiddies" (up to 30) on their jets, so that we "oldsters" can enjoy the greater comfort, more accessible sanitary facilities, free drinks and adult companions on the non-skeds' 70's & DC-8s, at comparable or even lower prices!

ROBERT BAUER
Frankfurt

Reading Matter

Didn't the AP (People, July 8), miss the point? It's just that the French aren't particularly interested in reading about sex!

AL HIX
Madrid

Herald Tribune

Published with The New York Times and The Washington Post

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General Manager: Andrew Blum
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LENINGRAD And Now in Ballet There Is Valery Panov of the Kirov

By Suzanne Mascie

LENINGRAD (HT)—Harlequin was first danced by Valery Panov in 1960, by Nijinsky in 1909. Now there is Valery Panov, like the other two ballet immortals, is more than a master technician; he is a creator.

Val Panov is virtually unknown abroad. The company of which he is a member, the Kirov, tours the world four times a year, twice with most of the troupe and twice with leading soloists, but Panov never among them. He has not been permitted to dance outside the Soviet Union for 12 years.

On stage, he is pastorate and serene. Off stage, he is quiet and unassuming. On stage, he is a small, dapper man, with a charming smile, a dimple on his cheek. He is complicated, and old in turn, because, he says, "In the crazy person I want to put some rationality, in the rational person some craziness." He is obsessed with the dance.

LISBON: The Gulbenkian Legacy of 1,300 Art Objects

LISBON (HT)—Calouste Gulbenkian's prodigious legacy—his collection—willed to Portugal in his death in 1955 first left Lisbon breathless, then touched it with a burst of activity and a lasting spree.



Valery Panov as Harlequin.

at home, there is music playing. He loves popular music; "If You Go Away" and Sinatra's "I Did It My Way" are favorites. He has a passion for Chablis: "I cried when I first heard Chablis sing the Massenet death aria of 'Don Quixote.' I love this character with his dreams of perfection and peaceful harmony."

KABUL Afghanistan—Oh What a Beautiful Play!

By Thomas Quinn Curtiss

KABUL, Afghanistan (HT)—Afghanistan is waiting for an adventuresome dramatist to discover it. It offers the raw material for a political or peasant play, romantic comedy, melodrama, historical chronicle, Ruritanian opera or a smashing musical "Afghanistan!"

There are no railroads but there is an airplane to and from Kabul twice a week. Telephone communication with the outside world is limited to three hours a day at most, but Radio Afghanistan broadcasts from an ultramodern studio 18 hours out of every 24. One traveler, anxious to place a call to London, was told to be patient because the queen was speaking on the line—a statement worthy of an Edwardian musical comedy set in the Balkans.

The visiting dramatist should remember that independence is a national trait; it runs through the nation's history and can be read in the bold faces of the people. Alexander the Great invaded this realm of the ancient Aryans and, more recently, the British Indian armies tried for more than a century to establish their rule.

he might be mistaken for Clement Attlee in the dress uniform of an Austrian archduke. This is a role for Alexander Knox. The country itself is pure theater. The sumptuous new Hotel Intercontinental, high on a hill above Kabul, might be Palm Springs. But bells tinkle nearby just over the garden wall, shepherds herd their flocks much as they must have 3,000 years ago.

The theater proper is just awakening in Afghanistan. A band of local dramatists has sprung up to record the country's social problems and folklore. There are two theaters and 12 cinemas in Kabul and the state university has a dramatic society.

The success of the season is a production of Gogol's "The Inspector General." Hugo, Hemingway and Sartre have been translated and acted. There has been foreign aid theatrically. The British Embassy staged "My Fair Lady" and the U.S. Embassy "The Barretts of Wimpole Street."

Alli Jalalee, director of Radio Afghanistan, produces plays for the airwaves; many are adaptations of novels and folk legends by budding playwrights. A movie studio was built recently for the production of documentaries. "Censorship of foreign films here is strict," Mr. Jalalee said. "All political propaganda is prohibited and all the nude scenes of the sex films are cut."

John Frankenhelm's film version of the Joseph Kessel novel, "The Horseman," is the first attempt to realize the screen potential of Afghanistan. Some of the film was shot here last year. The movie glorifies the country's strange national sport, buzkashi. In this game, a beheaded calf is placed in the middle of a circle of riders. Upon a signal, contestants riding nimble horses rush to pick up the carcass and carry it to goals at each end of the field. The struggle, in which the riders try to snatch the calf from each other, calls for a display of fine horsemanship. Omar Sharif stars in the motion picture, which will be released in the fall.

Saturday Review Changes Hands

NEW YORK, July 13 (AP)—Norton Simon, Inc., the conglomerate chiefly known for such consumer products as Hunt, Wesson and Canada Dry brands of food and drink, has announced the sale of the magazine Saturday Review.

The Saturday Review, a literary weekly with a circulation of 608,000 was a subsidiary of Norton Simon's McCall Publishing Co., which also puts out McCall's and Redbook magazines. The latter two magazines will be retained, but McCall's trade book division also was sold with Saturday Review.

Spanish Couture presents 1971/72 Autumn-Winter Collections MADRID

July 22, 23, 24, 1971
The collections of the High Fashion Houses will be shown in their respective salons in accordance with the following schedule:

- Thursday, July 22
 - PERTEGAZ 9:30 p.m. Mátias Montero 8
 - Friday, July 23
 - SANTA EULALIA 9:30 a.m. Hotel Eurobuilding Juan Ramon Jimenez, 8 Madrid 16
 - CARMEN MIR 11:30 a.m. Hotel Eurobuilding Juan Ramon Jimenez, 8 Madrid 16
 - PEDRO ROVIRA 4:00 p.m. Hotel Eurobuilding Juan Ramon Jimenez, 8 Madrid 16
 - PEDRO RODRIGUEZ 6:00 p.m. Alcaia 54
 - MITZOU 9:00 p.m. Serrano 27
 - Saturday, July 24
 - HERRERA Y OLLERO 9:30 a.m. Almirante 9
 - LINO 11:30 a.m. Plaza de Santa Bárbara, 3
 - ELIO BERNHANYER 6:00 p.m. Ayala, 124



For further information contact:
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THE LONG WEEKENDS CRUISE TO NEW YORK FROM APRIL 30.

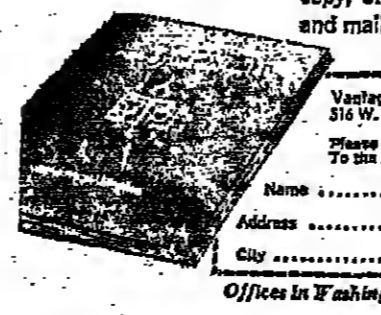
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New York Stock Exchange Trading

Main table of stock exchange trading data with columns for stock symbols, prices, and volume. Includes sections for '1971 - Stocks and Bonds', '1971 - Stocks and Bonds', and '1971 - Stocks and Bonds'.

Compañía Telefónica Nacional de España

7-year loan

Advertisement text for the Telefónica Nacional de España loan, including details about the 7-year term and interest.

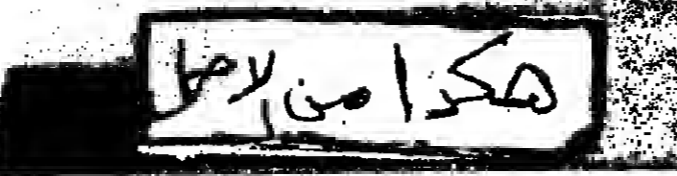
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7th July, 1971

Continuation of the stock exchange trading data table, including sections for '1971 - Stocks and Bonds', '1971 - Stocks and Bonds', and '1971 - Stocks and Bonds'.

(Continued on Page 10)



INTERNATIONAL

Herald Tribune

Published with The New York Times and The Washington Post

PARIS, WEDNESDAY, JULY 14, 1971

BUSINESS

FINANCE

U.K. Trade Surplus in June Widened to \$93.6 Million

By John M. Lee
LONDON, July 13 (NYT)—Britain turned in a strong foreign-trade performance in June...

Japan Buying Hot Dollars

TOKYO, July 13 (Reuters)—U.S. dollars are continuing to flow into Japan at a fast rate...

Dollar Drops Through Floor After Bank of France Closes

ZURICH, July 13 (AP-D)—The dollar fell on European foreign-exchange markets below the mandatory support point of the Bank of France today...

Export Orders to Germany Fall

FRANKFURT, July 13 (AP-D)—The Bundesbank said today the recent floating of the deutsche mark appears to have slowed the flow of export orders to West Germany...

What Do You Get at a Money Shop?

LONDON, July 13 (NYT)—Even by hard-selling American standards, the slogan might have seemed a little grating...

Money is something that can be packaged and sold like any other commodity, and it has never been done properly in this country...

First National Net Up

NEW YORK, July 13 (NYT)—International Business Machines Corp., the nation's fifth-largest concern...

IBM Earnings Rise 4.9% in Six Months

NEW YORK, July 13 (NYT)—International Business Machines Corp., the nation's fifth-largest concern, had a profit increase of 4.9 percent in worldwide operations during the first six months...

Americans' Buying Plans Show Decline

NEW YORK, July 13 (NYT)—Buying plans of the American consumer after improving steadily in the first four months of 1971...

More Confident
However, the survey found that consumers are somewhat more confident in their appraisal of business conditions than they were earlier in the year...

Warner-Lambert Moves to Block FTC Complaint

NEW YORK, July 13 (NYT)—The Warner-Lambert Co. announced yesterday the filing of a suit against the Federal Trade Commission and its members...

Rockwell Awarded \$500 Million Contract

WASHINGTON, July 13 (AP)—The U.S. Space Agency said today it has awarded North American Rockwell Corp. a \$500 million contract for construction of a reusable space shuttle main engine...

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Save 50% on single diamonds direct from the factory at wholesale prices...

OFFSHORE FUND AND "BANK" INVESTORS

A serious group of outgrouped investors is forming an "action committee" to retrieve lost monies...

IBM Leads Setback

NEW YORK, July 13 (NYT)—Weakness in two cornerstone issues—International Business Machines and American Telephone—caused shakiness today in the general stock market...

Volume, meanwhile, increased to 13.54 million shares from yesterday's sluggish pace of 12.02 million...

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DIAMONDS

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OFFSHORE FUND AND "BANK" INVESTORS

A serious group of outgrouped investors is forming an "action committee" to retrieve lost monies...

Neuwirth International Fund NV has gained 78% in 16 months. Dow Jones has gained 20.1%. Includes a line graph showing performance over time.

Mutual Fund advertisement with a table of performance data for various funds like Beech Aircraft, Fisher Foods, etc.

Advertisement for Fidelity International Fund N.V. with details on annual meetings and shareholder notices.

Advertisement for Mutual Fund Performance Survey, offering a special subscription offer and a trial offer.

New York Stock Exchange Trading

Table of New York Stock Exchange trading data, including columns for High, Low, Last, and Change for various stocks.

Table of 1971 Stocks and Bonds, listing various securities and their prices.

Table of 1971 Stocks and Bonds (continued), listing various securities and their prices.

NEW YORK, July 13—Cash prices in primary markets as quoted today in New York were:

Table of commodity prices for various goods like Cocoa, Coffee, and Wheat.

U.S. Commodity Prices

Table of U.S. Commodity Prices for various agricultural and industrial products.

COMMODITY FUTURES

Table of commodity futures prices for various contracts.

CHICAGO FUTURES

Table of Chicago futures prices for various commodities.

INTERNATIONAL FUNDS

ADVERTISEMENT

Large advertisement table for International Funds, listing various investment funds and their details.

Market Summary

Market Summary text providing a brief overview of market conditions.

European Markets

Table of European market data for various countries and currencies.

London

Table of London market data for various securities.

Zurich

Table of Zurich market data for various securities.

Theater

Theater text mentioning 'The Trib has its own first nighters'.

Mutual Funds

Table of Mutual Funds listing various funds and their performance.

NEW YORK (API)

NEW YORK (API) text providing market news and commentary.

Odd-Lot Trading in N.Y.

Odd-Lot Trading in N.Y. text discussing odd-lot trading activity.

New Highs and Lows

Table of New Highs and Lows for various stocks.

High-Low Last

Table of High-Low Last prices for various stocks.

High-Low Last

Table of High-Low Last prices for various stocks (continued).

Toronto Stocks

Table of Toronto Stock Exchange data for various securities.

Montreal Stocks

Table of Montreal Stock Exchange data for various securities.

Tokyo Exchange

Table of Tokyo Exchange data for various securities.

American Stock Exchange Trading

Main table containing American Stock Exchange Trading data, including columns for stock symbols, prices, and volume. Includes sub-sections for 'Y-Z' and 'U-V'.

International Bonds Traded in Europe, Foreign Stock Indexes, Eurodollars, and On Production Plan. Includes financial data and news snippets.

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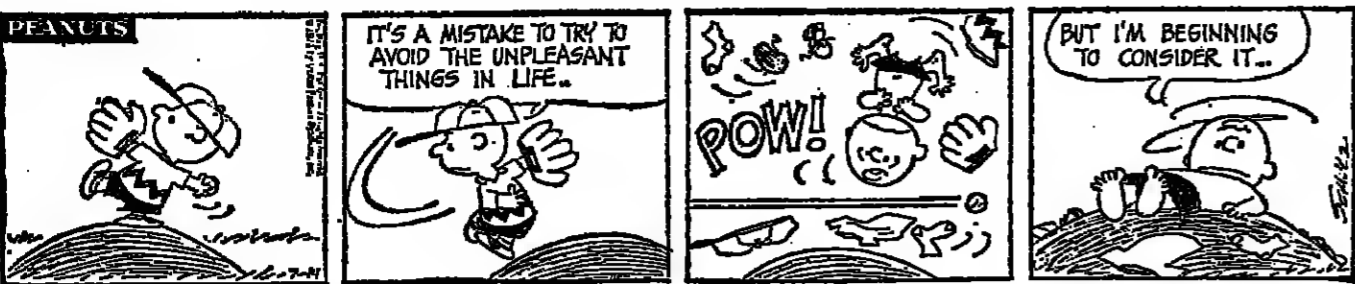
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First General Resources Company advertisement with logo and contact information.

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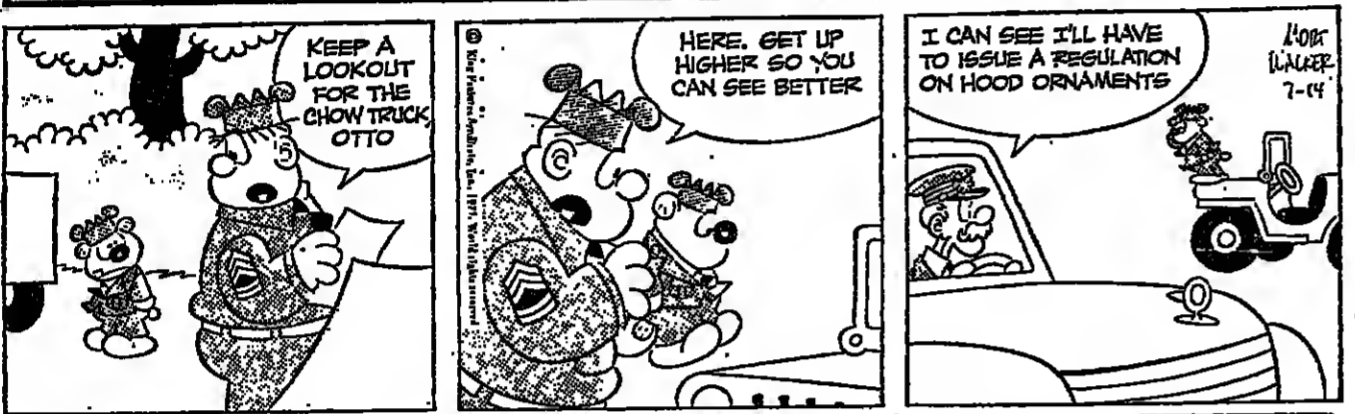
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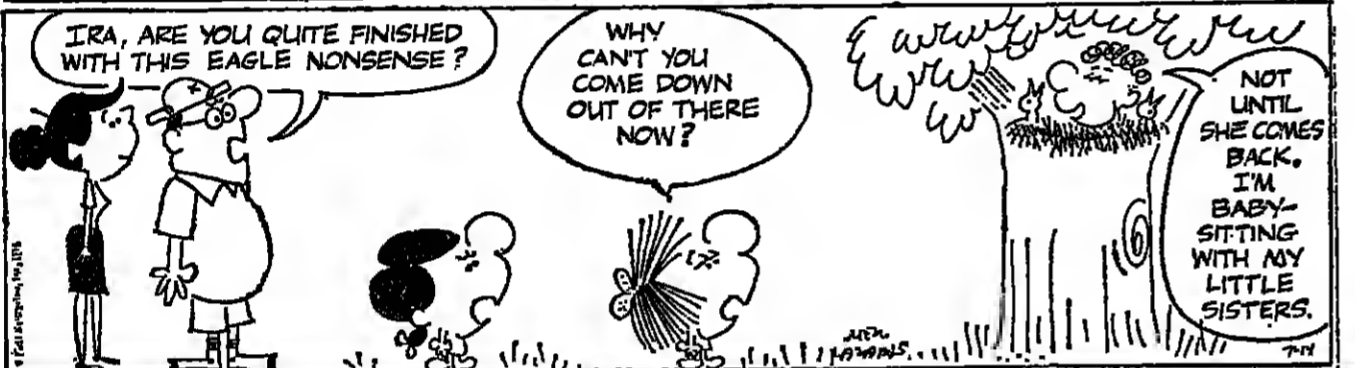
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B. E. E. T. L. E. B. A. I. L. E. Y.



M. I. S. S. P. E. A. C. H.



B. U. Z. S. A. W. Y. E. R.



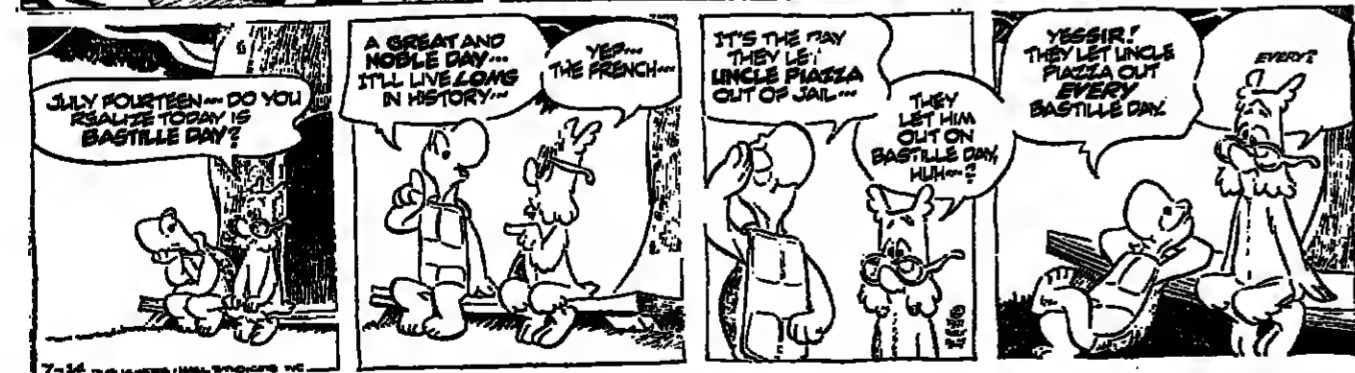
W. I. Z. A. R. D. of I. D.



R. E. X. M. O. R. G. A. N. M. D.



P. O. G. O.



R. I. P. K. I. R. B. Y.



BLONDIE



BRIDGE

By Alan Truscott

Although the Precision Club International touring team won its exhibition match against the Philippines by 105 international match points, the result was entirely satisfactory to a group of local women players who faced the visitors, and started brilliantly by taking a 27-point lead after five deals.

As the visitors then gained 111 points against three different open teams, consisting almost entirely of men, a powerful blow was struck for women's bridge liberation in the Philippines.

Giorgio Belladonna turned the tide for the visitors in the early stages of the match by landing a game contract that the commentators expected to fail. He opened the South hand shown in the diagram with one diamond, and reversed with two hearts when Benito Garozzo responded one spade.

Garozzo, never a backward hider, jumped to three spades with the North hand, and tried four hearts after his partner's three no-trump.

Looking at the four hands, it would seem that ten tricks are impossible to make, but Belladonna had his first break when West led a club, which was taken by the jack in the closed hand. He entered dummy with a spade lead to the king, and led the singleton diamond ten.

Bridge bidding table with North, South, East, West hands and a solution to a previous puzzle.

DENNIS THE MENACE



JUMBLE

Jumble word game instructions and a grid for unscrambling words.

BOOKS

TOYS THAT DON'T CARE

By Edward M. Swartz. Gambit. 289 pp. Illustrated. \$4.95. Reviewed by Myra MacPherson

THIS book, with its frightening array of dangerous weapons masquerading as toys, makes every American home seem like a potential booby-trapped mine field for children.

Take a look around yours. The etch-a-sketch pad with a thin cover that breaks into knife-like shards, toys with tiny parts to swallow easily disassembled by 3-year-olds; "play" ovens capable of frying little fingers (also the "thingmaker" with temperatures up to 500). Darts capable of blinding one when the protective tips are removed; sharp prongs inside quickly broken baby rattles; flammable tunnels; blankets and stuffing of toys that blaze in seconds; unsafe swings and trampolines.

Got any crazy loony straws on the kitchen counter? They are those looped monstrosities the kids begged you to buy and TV ads convinced you would get the precious ones to drink their milk. They are pronounced "saw" and "washable," but author Edward Swartz says the loops are unscrupulous and become nice breeding grounds for germs. (Our crazy straws went into the trash after they began to smell faintly.) Swartz, who is a lawyer, states that toys cause the serious injury, horrible maiming and disfigurement and death of some 700,000 children annually. Many of the toys cited are those exposed in various government hearings. However, he lists many additional ones and this is a valuable compendium of what not to buy, as well as an angry expose of how little the government, the toy manufacturers or anyone else is doing to make toys safe.

Swartz also emphasizes a unique area—the toy that causes psychological harm. No, don't put him down as a nervous nelly. For example, would you really want your child, in this era of teen-age drug users, to get used to the slogan "I'll try anything"? Or a gruesome little number called "Pieces of Body" ("trade em, collect 'em, transplant 'em")? The cover shows blood dripping from various dissected portions of the body. One candy cigarette packet, cover made in Taiwan, shows a man burning a woman's back with his cigarette. And then there is the "Motorized Crashdown of the Exploding Car." All put out by the Marquis de Sade Toy Company, no doubt.

Swartz details the woefully inadequate rules and regulations for toy companies and, exposes some of the myths anxious parents have fallen back on in picking toys. The "educational" toy that does very little educating, for example. Did you know that the "first requisite for both the Good Housekeeping and Parents Magazine seals (of approval)," according to Swartz, "is the purchase of advertising space in the respective magazines, for both those seals are only awarded to advertisers?"

Another gimmick is the private testing agencies whose paid-for endorsements stand as if they come from disinterested organizations. Swartz writes, "There is very little correlation between this confidence-inducing material and

toy safety." He continues, "The toy maker who gets an unfavorable report from one laboratory may simply ship the toy to a second tester and so on until he finds one that will approve. The public will never hear of reports of those agencies reluctant to concur."

Nor is there often much concern for the parent of a child who is maimed or killed through an accident with a toy. Swartz describes the murky legal realities.

For example, a mother bought a plastic top at a supermarket and took it home in her grocery bag. Almost immediately after her daughter began to play with the top exploded, cutting her eye and putting out her eye, Swartz writes.

When the family sued, the defendants were able to successfully argue that they were fully of responsibility, because there was no evidence that the toy when first used was in any same condition as when bought.

One of the most depressing tragic examples is a picture of a young girl, her face and hands an ugly, misshapen mass, as a comforter she was holding only burned but melted napalm-like substance. Swartz points out that it contained synthetic fibrill and at the time it was manufactured other synthetic fibers existed that naturally flame resistant and flammable. He says the Federal Fair Trade Act must be far more effective and that "black nightgowns and children's nightgowns can easily be purchased which may burst into flame upon exposure to a source of ignition."

He stresses that both Great Britain and West Germany have had as unsafe and dangerous many of the toys sold freely in the United States. He points out that these countries take a more civilized approach to toy regulations that makes America's both callous and barbaric.

Swartz calls upon every parent to be his own Ralph Nader, examining, protesting and alerting the alarm about toys. Some of the general rules and suggestions include not buying on impulse, believing advertising claims, buying badly made toys, that are not heat-resistant, flammable and shatterproof, buying toys that use hazardous current, and avoiding children's toys for very young children. He has broken most of them.

The main reason many of us have is simple—there just don't that many good toys around. Swartz suggests, in that, that imaginative, homemade are better. (That suggests brought a nervous gulp from a mother, who is outfitted with thumbs and little imagination in the artsy-craftsy field.)

No, the best solution is to read. Read the book and become an aware, fighting parent! Next time you hit the toy department.

Myra MacPherson, the author of two, is a writer in the section of the Washington Post where this review first appeared.

CROSSWORD

By Will We

Crossword puzzle grid with across and down clues.

Handwritten signature or note at the bottom right.

American League Still Underdogs

Blue to Show NL Stars His Good Left Arm

By Joseph Datto

DETROIT, July 13 (UPI)—Two weeks after his 25th birthday, Vida Blue has been hitting harder than anyone since...

ALREADY HAS DONE SOME things for baseball with his smugly repetitive "Thank you, thank you" after every pitch...

Then he turned down 100,000-dollar offers, pitched a 300,000-dollar bonus from Oakland, spent most of three seasons in the minor leagues...

Like Trevino, and like Spencer Gooden in Texas, he has come a long way to center stage. He came from the wrong side of the tracks in the poor little mill town of Mansfield, La., population 10,000...

His fastball jumps, bounces in on the batter, reported Yankee manager Ralph Houk. "One guy says he's the best fastball pitcher in our league but I don't know if he is or not."

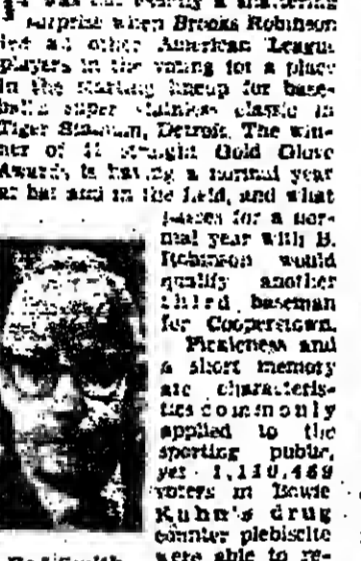


Willie Mays

Brooks Robinson

Hank Aaron

RED SMITH The People's Choice



It was not exactly a shattering surprise when Brooks Robinson led all other American League players in the voting for a place in the starting lineup for baseball's super classic in Tiger Stadium, Detroit...

Arch centered it as a promotional stunt to boost the "Tobacco" classification. Under Jimmy Kuhn's rule, it has become a means of promoting the sale of razor blades and shaving cream...

McLain Placed On Disabled List With Sore Arm

WASHINGTON, July 13 (UPI)—Lloyd McLain, a 35-game loser this season, has been placed on the United States 21-day disabled list by the House of Representatives...

Table with Major League Standings, Eastern Division and Western Division columns.

Richey, Riessen Win Opener In Washington

WASHINGTON, July 13 (AP)—Tom Richey, of San Angelo, Texas, pitched the champion Texas Rangers to a 6-3, 6-2 victory over Jeff Austin of Los Angeles in the first round of the \$50,000 Washington Star international tennis tournament...

The Scoreboard

Table with various sports scores including tennis, basketball, and football.

Queensland Calls Emergency Laws For Springboks

BRISBANE, Australia, July 13 (UPI)—The home center of the South African rugby tour of Australia switched tonight to Queensland as the state government announced emergency laws to deal with anti-apartheid demonstrators...

Rams' Meador Retires

LOS ANGELES, July 13 (UPI)—Defensive back Eddie Meador, a 12-year veteran with the Los Angeles Rams, has retired, the National Football League club has announced...

Lia Manoliu Tosses Educated Discus

LONDON, July 13.—Lia Manoliu stands a little under 6 feet, weighs 187 pounds, and is the women's Olympic discus-throwing champion. She is also a qualified engineer researching into the effects of light and noise on factory workers...



Lia Manoliu ... with Gold Medal

up in the Plata Romana. "Then he decided to go. I don't know why. I don't think he gave the right reason. I was a little in despair after ten years of marriage."

Miss Manoliu's spontaneous instinct is to explain and apologize in weight training, that grinding occupation that has turned so many heavy girls away from heavy athletics...

Merckx, Without Yellow Jersey, Holds Tour Lead

SUPERBAGNERES, France, July 13 (UPI)—Eddy Merckx easily kept his yellow jersey today without wearing it—a Joe-Mannu-Fuente of Spain won the 15th stage of the Tour de France...



SHOWTIME—Muhammad Ali looks scared of his sparring partner, Eddie Brooks, during workout in Houston. The former champ soon hits the canvas from a Brooks' tap—but it was all in jest.

Ali Says His Best Days Are Gone

HOUSTON, July 13 (AP)—Muhammad Ali began training here yesterday for the July 28 fight against Jimmy Ellis with a "sloppy" deal on the Arabian and admitted: "I'm past my prime."

Ali said he is training "to make rough out there today. And I've got 10 more days to come over here and train. I have to go to bed early and I can't do what I want to do."

When Ali walked into the training hall next to the Houston Astrodome, Ali interrupted his sparring to exchange banter and laughs with the champion.

Rams Sign Israeli Student To Give Them Some Kick

FULLERTON, July 13.—Coach Tommy Prothro led the Los Angeles Rams in a new direction yesterday, hiring a soccer kicker from Israel.

He is Gilson Sherer of Tel Aviv, a graduate student at the University of Southern California who got his master's degree in physical therapy next month.

Sherer was discovered by Dr. Jimmy Johnson, athletic director at Cal State Dominguez, who recommended him to the Rams after watching him on the practice field at USC.

Monzon Will Fight Griffith in Argentina

BUENOS AIRES, July 13 (Reuters)—World middleweight champion Carlos Monzon of Argentina will fight Emilio Griffith in a title bout here on Sept. 18, it was announced yesterday.

Argentine promoter Juan Carlos Letourne said the fight would take place in the Luna Park Stadium which has a capacity of about 25,000.

Merckx, Without Yellow Jersey, Holds Tour Lead

SUPERBAGNERES, France, July 13 (UPI)—Eddy Merckx easily kept his yellow jersey today without wearing it—a Joe-Mannu-Fuente of Spain won the 15th stage of the Tour de France...

Belgian Merckx finished the arduous 20-kilometer uphill climb in this Pyrenean mountain top one minute behind the Spaniard.

LE CANYON French and American specialties 1 Rue Gutenberg, 75133 Paris

LE RELAIS BISSON Formerly holders of two stars in the Michelin Guide now in the process of recovering and they deserve it.

FISH SPECIALITIES Car Service Open Sunday, Closed Saturday.

PARIS AMUSEMENTS PARAMOUNT-ELYSEES 38 Avenue des Champs Elysees

LE CHAGRIN ET LA PITIE Chronique d'une ville française sous l'Occupation un film de MARCEL OPHULS

WORLD FAMOUS LIDO 125 Avenue des Champs Elysees

Soccer Draw July 17

GENEVA, July 13 (UPI)—The International Football Federation said today the draw for the preliminary round of the 1974 World Cup will be held July 17 in Dusseldorf.

The Scoreboard

Table with various sports scores including tennis, basketball, and football.

PEOPLE: Sponsor Defends Rue de Vallee

"They are complaining because they are jealous," Rudy Valle said of witnesses who argued against to change the name of the Los Angeles street he lives on. Several of Valle's neighbors appeared before the city council's public works committee Monday and said that changing the street signs on that section of Pyramid Place would cost money, that Valle was taking advantage of his position as a member of the city traffic commission, and besides, they didn't think much of Rue de Vallee as a name for their street.

Rudy Valle

Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, said the man on the radio. Scores of listeners called the British Broadcasting Corp. Monday asking what it was all about. The calls stopped when an announcer explained for the first time that the prince, who had been invited to the announcement he would make. Meanwhile, Britishers are waiting for Prince Charles, the Prince of Wales, to make a parachute jump, the first ever by an heir to the throne, as part of his Royal Air Force training. The jump from a jet-powered balloon, scheduled for next month. Further means, Princess Anne, hospitalized in ovarian cyst surgery, is making such rapid recovery that she is reported planning her official autumn list of engagements. Buckingham Palace spokesmen said yesterday.

Arthur Schlesinger Jr., Pulitzer Prize-winning historian and former special assistant to U.S. Presidents Kennedy and Johnson, has married Alexandra Emmet Allen, the daughter of the late Mrs. Alston Boyd, better known as the painter Lily Cahill, and William T. Emmet of North Tarrytown, New York, was disclosed Monday. They were wed Friday at Schenck's New York apartment by a judge. Both have been divorced once.

An advertising copy writer in New York is musing in an on-racket. In an ad for Walkabout, a New York clothing store, has called the following for weather information: "Asked why he became a teacher, he replied, 'I taught in July and August.' A motel in Georgia advertises: "Cool off in our shark-free pool." A man minus clothes, dived into a Houston gas station, dived the tank filled, showered with the water hose, dried himself paid up and drove off, still nude.

No-Holds-Barred Journalism

By Waverley Root

PARIS (IET).—In 1971, one English-language daily is published in Paris—the one you are reading now. In 1927, when I started my newspaper career here, there were four: The New York Herald, a subsidiary of Gordon Bennett's New York paper; the Chicago Tribune, a subsidiary of Colonel Robert Rutherford McCormick's Chicago paper; The Paris Times, a subsidiary of nobody, whose financing was supplied by an expatriate millionaire who could afford to lose money in those rainy days before the 1929 Stock Exchange crash; and The Continental Daily Mail, which tried to compete with the others for American readers even to the extent of reporting the World Series—with some success, indeed, for accounts of American baseball games written by Britishers laboring under the delusion that baseball was a backwoods form of cricket packed a laugh a line.

Journalistic competition in those days was knock-down-and-drag-out, no holds barred. It occurred chiefly between The Herald and The Tribune, for The Paris Times, with only local resources and no home paper to feed it cables, was pretty much outwaged. It is possible that I remember particularly the successfully landed blows many of them, I fear, beneath the belt of The Tribune, for that was the side I was on, as news editor of that paper. But it seems likely that The Tribune really did score many of them. The first was certainly exaggerated, since it came from a man never noted for moderation. In one of the numerous postcards this device for containing a voluminous correspondence with minimum effort) with which Ezra Pound used to pepper me, he referred with scorn to "the dead-and-stuffed New York Herald." The other citation appeared in an article about The Paris Chicago Tribune, "The Daily Mirelle," contributed to the American Mercury of the H.L. Mencken days by Whit Burnett. He described the paper as "one day a work of genius and the next a ghastly mistake."

It was The Herald which won the final battle by buying The Tribune, so that on December 1, 1934, it became The Herald Tribune. Its parent paper in New York had assumed that name some years before, but the Paris edition could not do so because of the confusion that would have resulted from the simultaneous existence in Paris of two Tribunes. That such a confusion could have important practical consequences had already been demonstrated by an episode which has entered journalistic history but whose full story, so far as I know, has never been told.

This is it: It was during the Versailles peace conference, President Wilson (like the Pentagon today) did not feel it necessary to take the Senate into his confidence. The peace treaty was drafted; but the Senate, whose "advice and consent" the President was obliged to seek for its ratification, had no inkling of what might be in it. Elucidation at last came not from the executive branch of the government, but from the press. A representative of The Chicago Tribune was escorted into the Senate, where he handed to the speaker the text of the Versailles Treaty. I do not recall that The Chicago Tribune ever told how it got it, and with reason. Why should it have admitted that what looked like a triumph of journalistic ingenuity had been nothing but a stroke of luck?

It was a representative of one of the minor countries at Versailles (just-created Czechoslovakia, if my memory is correct) who was responsible for the leak. The little nations felt that the Big Four were paying scant attention to the interests of the less powerful; and they felt their position might be improved if the public, particularly the American public, were informed about what was going on. Two American papers published editions in Paris. What would be easier than to give the treaty text to one of them, for confidential delivery to the home office? It was, naturally, the great metropolis

The first transatlantic press phone call at the Paris Herald, circa 1927. Lawrence Hillis (glasses) and Leland Stowe on the phone, with Eric Hawkins (left foreground).

of New York which seemed the best place to publish the revelation. The idea was to hand it to the New York Herald Tribune; but there was no Herald Tribune in Paris. So the bewildered small-nation representative walked into the office of The Chicago Tribune and handed the text to the wrong paper.

Old Photos Among the unkind blows The Tribune delivered to The Herald, I member two in particular. One came when The Herald printed a picture of a crowd running from soldiers firing on it, with the headline: BREAD RIOTS IN MOSCOW. The picture looked familiar to me. I dug into my books and found it, the frontispiece of Arno Dorsch-Fleuret's "Through War to Revolution." It had been taken a decade earlier. The Tribune ran it the next day, repeating The Herald's description of it as a current happening together with its correct identification, under the heading: SCOPED UP OF THE CENTURY. For weeks thereafter, Eric Hawkins, my opposite number on The Herald, never ran into me without shaking his head dolefully and growling: "Not cricket, old boy, not cricket." I reminded him of it a few years ago, shortly before his death. A man without rancor, he had forgiven and forgotten.

The Herald in this case had been the victim of a news agency which had decided to give the old pictures in its files a new lease on life by providing up-to-date captions for them. The paper had bought and published the picture in good faith, assuming naturally that it was what it was represented to be. It was not quite as blameless in the second of the two episodes I remember, a case of carelessness.

On June 29, 1927, Comdr. Evelyn Byrd attempted to emulate Lindbergh by flying the Atlantic to Paris. As the evening wore on and there was no news of him, it became evident that he would only arrive, if at all, at press time. The Herald therefore took normal precautions. It prepared two alternative front pages, one with a banner headline reading: NO NEWS OF BYRD, the other: BYRD LANDS IN PARIS. Either could be placed on the press at a few minutes' notice.

It was not too difficult to write in advance most of the story on the anticipated successful arrival. Reporters had already described the crowds waiting at Le Bourget, and interviewed the notables who were there. New York had cabled the details of the takeoff and of the preparations for the flight. The files yielded the biographies of Byrd and his three-man crew, as well as material for the inevitable comparison with the Lindbergh flight. All of this could be, and was, written and put into type. It was only necessary to leave room at the beginning for a lead reporting the arrival, when it occurred. But how much room? The rewrite man entrusted with preparing the story might leave a certain amount of blank space, at a guess, but he chose to solve the problem differently. He described the arrival as if it had actually happened, assuming that this would automatically provide the correct amount of space for the real story. Since what he wrote was meant in any case to be replaced, he saw no reason for not giving full rein to his imagination; so he told how a Herald reporter was the first to reach the plane, what he had asked Byrd and what Byrd had replied to him. It was a pure labor of love, since

It was never destined to reach an audience, but as it happened, it did. Press time arrived and Byrd had not. The word was given to start the presses; in the press room, the crew clamped on the wrong page and the presses started to roll. The bales of Herald's for the Paris newstands left the building at about the same time that Byrd and his crew were wading ashore through the surf at Ver-sur-Mer, where their plane had come to grief.

The error was discovered and corrected before mail copies went out; but how about the newstands? Everybody ever remotely connected with The Herald was on the streets of Paris when the kiosks opened, desperately buying up all copies. I heard of The Herald's blopper early in the day, but couldn't get my hands on a copy. However, The Continental Daily Mail got hold of one. The next morning, announcing. The following story was printed yesterday by an American daily of Paris: It reproduced The Herald's erroneous article. In emulation of his British cousin, The Tribune the next day noted: "The following story was printed yesterday by The Continental Daily Mail," and the end of its reprint of The Herald's article. The Herald added quietly: "The American newspaper which printed this story was not The Chicago Tribune."

Obituary On Jan. 10, 1928, I found myself with my guard down. The Herald had a chance to take revenge; but I was lucky. Thomas Hardy was dying. I had written a long obituary about him and had it set up so that it could be slapped into the paper quickly if he chose to die at press time. It was indeed just on the deadline that a cyclist delivered to me the proofs of Le Matin (a leading Paris daily) which died at the end of the war from galloping collaborationism, in which I found a short paragraph reporting the death of Hardy. I had barely time to write an introductory paragraph announcing his death, tear open the front page, and fill its first column with the Hardy obituary. I then went tranquilly home, with a comfortable feeling of duty fulfilled.

But when I entered the city room the next evening, I was met with a growl from the day editor: "Where'd you get the idea Thomas Hardy is dead?" "It's in Le Matin," I answered. He tossed the paper to me, "Find it," he challenged. I couldn't. It was clear what had happened: The Matin had composed an erroneous report, had discovered the error, and had cut it out; the arrangement we had with the French paper for an exchange of proofs did not require it to warn us in such circumstances.

I waited with some apprehension for the 8 p.m. opening of the London wire, which related to the nightly reports from The Chicago Tribune's various European offices, each item separated from the next by its number, denoting the start of a new subject. It began like this: ONE WHY MUST YOU TRY COVER LONDON FROM PARIS QUERRY WE ARE LAUGHING STOCK OF ENGLAND STOP THOMAS HARDY REPORTED BETTER TODAY TWO LONDON THOMAS HARDY DIED AT HIS SUSSEX HOME TONIGHT. I dug a photo out of the files and ran it with the caption, "Thomas Hardy, the illustrious English novelist whose death was reported exclusively yesterday by The Chicago Tribune." The Herald never noticed that I had killed him prematurely.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

ANNOUNCEMENTS, SHOOTING, FRENCH CONVERSATION, COMPLETE IMMERSION, ACTIVE FRENCH IN PROGRESS, PERSONALS, SERVICES, AT HOME IN PARIS, EDUCATION, TAX-FREE CARS, BAGGAGE SHIPPING, EXPORT MODEL, AMERICAN GAS STOVE, MOTOR CONVERSION, DIAMONDS, HOLIDAYS & TRAVEL, TAX ADVICE. Includes various classified ads for services, education, and travel.

TAX-FREE CARS, HOLIDAYS & TRAVEL, OFFICE SERVICES, REAL ESTATE TO LET, SHARE, EXCHANGE, BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES, LOW COST JET FLIGHTS, RENT A VW CAMPER, CHARTER FLIGHT SERVICES, BAGGAGE SHIPPING, EXPORT MODEL, AMERICAN GAS STOVE, MOTOR CONVERSION, DIAMONDS, HOLIDAYS & TRAVEL, TAX ADVICE. Includes various classified ads for cars, travel, and real estate.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE, ITALY, U.S.A., PARIS AND SUBURBS, GREAT BRITAIN, HOLLAND, SWITZERLAND, BELGIUM, FRANCE PROVINGES, SPAIN. Includes various classified ads for real estate in different countries.

SITUATIONS WANTED, LIFE AFFIRMING, BUSINESSMAN, EXECUTIVE SECRETARY, PERSONNEL WANTED, DOMESTIC SITUATION. Includes various classified ads for job openings and services.

Arnold helped a client find 12 potential customers! In The Netherlands call Arnold Teasing. Amsterdam: 72713. When a Dutch client wanted to sell his French manufacturing company, he called Arnold. His Tribune classified ad brought him 12 serious customers in less than a week! Ask Arnold about cost, timing and number of insertions when you call to place your Tribune classified ad in The Netherlands. call Trib classified We do the work. You get the results!

Handwritten signature or note at the bottom of the page.